FIRST EDITION.

WELCOME.

Our Visitors.

AGALA DAY

Receiving the Heroes.

VETERANS IN THE IRON CITY.

Pittsburgh's Generous Hospitality.

SIGHTS AROUND TOWN.

Preparing for the Convention.

PERSONAL NOTES.

Programme for To-Day.

Well, the preparations have been about completed, and Pittsburgh has fairly entered upon the gala festivities of that great convention of which so much has been said and written during the past few weeks, and regarding which such expectations were entertained. It was generally conceded from the preparations being made, not only in our own city, but in nearly every town where there was a "boy in blue" that the soldiers' and sailors' demonstration arranged for this city, would prove an unusually brilliant convocation, but we opine even the most sanguine did not anticipate such a splendid success as the opening notes of yesterday indicate will be the result. Our goodly city certainly has never seemed so thoroughly aroused, and the enthusiasm, pervading all ranks and classes seems to be only bounded by the limit of efforts that can be put forth to enhance the brilliancy of the occasion, and to show our visitors that the "Iron City," when once interested, has both the will and the ability to entertain her friends and to carry triumphantly forward any project. Pittsburgh, if we are to judge from the events of yesterday, will be both honored by the presence of a company, the like of which has never been gathered in Western Pennsylvania and will also honor herself by a royal entertainment of those who have come by her invitation to test her fraternal feeling and generous hospitality. And so while they come in thousands we extend them a hearty welcome and have no fear but that all will take away the most pleasant memories of their visit, and the remembrance of one of the most memorable episodes in their lives.

The preparations for the reception of our invited guests, though of so extended a character, were fully completed in time, and the visiting delegations as they

BEGAN TO ARRIVE

Yesterday found all things in readiness for a generous and cordial welcome. The first detachment of visitors which arrived in the city in the morning, and were hardly comfortably provided for before the grand throng commenced to pour in, and furnished employment for busy escorts all day long. Every train from the East or West brought in fresh delegations, who, as fast as they came, were taken in charge and cared for, with but little confusion and the most commendable promptitude. The main thoroughfares leading from the cars to head quarters, which had been secured for the majority of the visitors, were Liberty and Smithfield streets, along which the processions filed, almost without cessation, all day long. These thoroughfares soon became the objective points of large armies of sight-seers, who thronged the sidewalks and added a fresh enthusiasm to the occasion by the frequent and hearty demonstrations of good will with which they greeted those whom they had invited to their homes. Smithfield with but few intervals in the day was made especially resonant with martial music from the bands and drum corps.—Every delegation having one or the other of these features in their equipments. As the visitors arrived, they were taken in charge by escorts and marched first to

CITY HALL

Where under the supervision of the Subsistence Committee, their wants, in an appetizing way, were fully supplied. City Hall presented a busy appearance from the time the first delegation was admitted, about 9 o'clock in the morning, till five o'clock in the evening, when the last visitors were entertained. The arrangements at the hall were under direction of a corps of sixty ladies, the majority of whom had been members of the old Subsistence Committee of Pittsburgh, of which many thousands of soldiers had pleasant recollections during the war, but a fresh corps of competent waiters who managed to discharge the duties assigned them with but little confusion, and to the general satisfaction of the guests. The tables were never empty from the time the first visitors stood around them—the new comers taking the places as fast as their earlier comrades disappeared. The work was carried on vigorously, and with such rapidity that it was estimated fully five thousand had been entertained during the day, and yet so ample had been the provision made there was no scarcity and there remained at the close of the day's labors a goodly supply to begin the work of to-day.

As fast as the delegations closed their gastronomic exercises at the hall they were reformed in line and marched to their respective headquarters. As they passed through the streets they had a slight opportunity to learn something of the preparations which had been made for their reception of course the first matters to attract their attention, and which, though not yet completed, were the recipients of many compliments—were

THE DECORATIONS.

The whole city presents a decidedly gay appearance, and indicates that the boys in blue will meet with a welcome reception. The city has very much the appearance of an old-fashioned "Fourth," with the exception that the display is more general and more tasteful than is generally witnessed on those occasions. Fifth avenue, between Wood and Smithfield streets, presents the finest appearance of any particular locality, though Smithfield, Liberty, Market, and back of all the principal streets are fluttering with flags and banners. The decorations, however, were not completed yesterday, and will make the finest appearance to-day. In almost every window yesterday some one might have been seen tacking up flags and banners, or hanging out Chinese lanterns and evergreen wreath. The Custom House and Municipal Hall are noticeable, as being handsomely decorated with evergreen. The arches on Fifth avenue will probably be finished by this morning, and will be a handsome addition to the appearance of the streets in that vicinity.

SPARKLING AROUND.

The work of distributing the delegations among the hotels was necessarily attended with some confusion, but there was comparatively little jamming, and before night every visitor was comfortably quartered. They seemed to have experienced but little fatigue from their journey, even those who had come hundreds of miles, sharing in the apparently general desire to see the "Iron City," and organizing hundreds of small excursion parties, which strolled through the streets and added to the throng. Especially was this observable at night, when the principal thoroughfares—Fifth avenue and Smithfield street—were rendered almost impassable from the masses of the crowds. In some instances business houses and public buildings had been illuminated—although this display was not general—the majority apparently waiting for the grand display of to-morrow night. Such objects however, by their occasional illuminations, were rendered more than ordinarily brilliant, which added not a little to their appearance, during the evening. And then, as if to give a finishing touch to all, and to add to the occasion, several of the marching clubs whose enthusiasm could not be held in check until to-morrow, or who were out on drill, paraded the streets, and thus arranged.

AS IMPROMPTU TORCHLIGHT PROCESSION.

A very fine torchlight procession—considering that its origin was accidental—paraded through the city last evening. Several of the different Grant Clubs met at their respective headquarters early in the evening, and formed in line intending to march through a few of the principal streets, and not intending to have an extensive or general parade. In marching through the city, however, they came together and uniting, formed a very large and imposing procession. The following Clubs participated in the proceedings: The First Ward Club, of one hundred and fifty members; the Fort Pitt Iron and Steel Works Club, one hundred strong; the Mount Washington Club, one hundred and twenty-five members; Third Ward, one hundred and thirty-six members; Ninth Ward, one hundred and fifty strong; Sixteenth Ward, one hundred and fifty, and the Fourth Ward, Allegheny, one hundred and fifty strong. The procession made a decidedly handsome and imposing appearance, being composed of about eight hundred men in all. They marched together through the principal streets and about ten o'clock separated and marched toward their respective homes. They attracted no little attention in marching through the streets, and was a very small foretaste of the grand display we may expect to-morrow night. The procession will please accept our thanks for the compliment tendered the GAZETTE in passing our office.

GENERAL HARTRANFT'S TOUR.

As elsewhere stated, General Hartranft arrived in the city yesterday morning, and was escorted from the Depot to the Monongahela House by the Hartranft Club, and a committee of prominent Germans of the city. In the afternoon the committee of Germans, headed by Wm. Nosh, Esq., of the *Freiheits Freund*, escorted him in carriages in an extended tour through the city and its suburbs, and through Allegheny, Birmingham and Bloomfield. Although the General made no formal address during his tour, he conversed familiarly in German with his friends at the various places where he stopped. His reception was very cordial and flattering in the extreme. In the evening the General and his party returned to the Monongahela House.

SERENADE TO GENERAL BURNSIDE.

About half past eight o'clock last evening the Massachusetts delegation, headed by Brown's Brigade Band, marched down Smithfield street, and halted in front of the Monongahela House, where they serenaded General Burnside. The [illegible] made his appearance on the balcony, and was introduced by Mr. J. G. Brown. The appearance of General Burnside was the occasion of great enthusiasm among the large crowd which had gathered in front of the hotel, and when Mr. Brown introduced him as the Commander-in-chief of the Army of the Potomac, three times three hearty cheers were given.

After the cheering had subsided, General Burnside said: "Comrades, I cannot sufficiently thank you for this compliment, but you must not expect any extended remarks from me this evening. To-morrow I hope to address you more at length. I will now say good-night to you, and I wish you may have a pleasant re-union."

At the close of his brief remarks cheers were given for General Burnside, after which the band played "Auld Lang Syne," which, splendidly rendered as it was, had a thrilling effect on all who heard it.

PLEASANT AFFAIR AT THE LINCOLN CLUB ROOMS.

The Massachusetts delegation then proceeded to the Lincoln Club Rooms, which were also serenaded. The band and delegation were invited into the room, and upon arriving, Gen. Negley was introduced to them and made a most pleasant and eloquent address of welcome. He welcomed them to the hospitalities of the Iron City, to a county that had given twelve thousand soldiers to assist in crushing the rebellion, and would give twelve thousand majority to continue the administration of President Grant. Although, perhaps, we could not give them more than a soldier's welcome, yet it should be a hearty welcome. Gen. Negley concluded by offering by most beautiful and touching tribute to the late lamented Lincoln, after whom the rooms were named, and proposed three cheers to his memory. This appeal was most affecting and was responded to by three hearty cheers, which were participated in by every one present. The Bombard brothers, a quartette from Baltimore, then sang some patriotic airs in a manner highly creditable.

After the formal reception, the Massachusetts delegation and the Pittsburghers seemed to establish a mutual admiration society and vied with each other in cheering. A sort of "running fire" of speeches and cheers was kept up for some time. At one time, after three cheers had been proposed by Gen. Negley and given with a will, some Massachusetts man sang out, "Boys, let's discount 'em!" and they did.

A DELEGATION CALLS ON GENERAL NEGLEY.

About three o'clock yesterday afternoon, the National Veteran Club and the "Go West" Club, of Washington, D. C., chartered the Johnstown accomodation train, on which they visited the residence of General Negley, in East Liberty. After the train stopped, the clubs proceeded to the house of the General, where, after serenading him, they were entertained with an elegant repast. Addresses were delivered, and the affair proved to be a very pleasant one. Most of the members of the National Veteran Club are clerks in the different departments at Washington, and a great many of them are personally acquainted with General Negley. The visitors received a very hearty welcome, and, after enjoying themselves for about two hours, returned to the city.

QUIETING DOWN.

Toward midnight weariness seemed at last to have overcome both entertainers and entertained, and by the time the big bell announced twelve o'clock, the streets were comparatively deserted, and the city was almost as quiet as on a Sunday evening. Everybody seemed to have "turned in" to seek a little rest preparatory to the duties of to-day, the programme of which will be found elsewhere.

ARRIVAL OF GOV. GEARY.

About two o'clock this morning, His Excellency, Gov. Geary, arrived on the train which also brought about a thousand others. They were received at the Union Depot, and a procession formed, headed by the Fourth ward, Allegheny, Minute Men, commander J. E. B. Dalzell. Next came the Sixteenth ward club, Capt. A. B. Neal, followed by Gov. Geary in a carriage, with R. H. Smith, Esq., and Capt. J. B. Moore.

After the carriages came the remainder of the Harrisburg delegation, Captain Hart, about two hundred and fifty strong, headed by a band, next the remainder of the Maryland delegation, two hundred men, Captain Craft. Then the Reading delegation came with seventy-five men, Captain Durrell, headed by the Farmers' Ringgold Brass Band. Governor Geary was escorted to the Monongahela House by the clubs, and the delegations taken to City Hall, where they had lunch and were then shown other quarters.

About two minutes after about two hundred more of the Baltimore men arrived and joined with their friends in making this delegation complete.

OUR VISITORS.

A RECORD OF THE DELEGATIONS.

The delegations came in during the afternoon sometimes in sections and detachments, which rendered it a matter of difficulty to keep a record of them. The list, however, which follows comprises those who came under the observance of our reporters and is as full and complete as could be obtained under the circumstances. The list will be completed by the arrival of the remainder of the delegations to-day.

WASHINGTON CITY'S DELEGATION.

The first delegation to arrive in the city was that from Washington city, comprising the "Go West" and "National Veterans" clubs. They came in two trains, the first portion arriving here at 9:20 and the other about twenty minutes afterward. There were three hundred and fifty men in the delegation. Gen. Negley received the visitors, assisted by the Hartranft club, under command of Captain J. B. Moore, and Marshal Phipps. Considerable interest was felt on the arrival of this delegation, as it was understood that they would be accompanied by

GEN. JOHN F. HARTRANFT,

who, as soon as he made his appearance, was received with enthusiastic cheering. After all the men had arrived, the line was formed in front of the grain elevator, on Liberty street. First came a part of the Hartranft club, headed by the Great Western Band, following came Gen. Hartranft, seated in an open carriage, and accompanied by Captain Galbraith, Captain Casper Gang, and Sergeant J. J. Albritz, the Committee on Reception.

The National Veterans, under command of Marshal Wm. Short, followed in line. Among the prominent members of this club who accompanied them was General Chipman, member of Congress from the District of Columbia. The club was headed by the celebrated U. S. Marine Band, of Washington, numbering twenty-one pieces. This is not the full compliment, but some members of the band could not come. From their well-known reputation they naturally attracted considerable attention as they passed through the streets on their way to their hotel. The National Veterans nearly all wear their old army hats. Among the members were six colored men. This club numbers about two hundred men. General N. P. Chipman, M. C., is President of the club; J. S. Tichnor, Vice President; A. Richardson, Secretary; W. A. Short, Marshal, and Ben. W. Worrell, Assistant Marshal.

The Go West Club came next in line. They were headed by Doucher's Brass Band and the Washington Light Infantry drum corps. They attracted considerable interest, from the fact that they have a number of banners with mottoes, &c. Inscribed on a large banner were the words, "A Few of Grant's Veteran Soldier and Sailor Carpet Baggers." Then surmounted on a pole was an old war-worn knapsack on which was painted the words, "Our Old Carpet-bag," and a short distance in the rear of this was one of the more civic traveling wardrobes which bore the inscription "Our New Carpet-bag." The "Go West" was under the command of Capt. John Michener. N. B. Fluman is President, and James Logan Vice President; N. Ferre First Lieutenant, and E. W. Oyster Second Lieutenant; Clarence Barton, Marshal. This club will be the escort of Senator Cameron.

The "Go West" was followed by half a dozen carriages containing crippled soldiers and members of the Committee of Reception escort to Gen. Hartranft. The procession marched through the principal streets, first stopping at the St. Charles Hotel, where the "Go Wests" put up. The Monongahela House was the objective point, and there Hartranft and the National Veterans stopped and took up quarters; the Hartranft Club then returned to their quarters.

NEW YORK AND BROOKLYN

delegation arrived about the same time as the Rhode Island, and formed in line at the Union depot, where they were received by the Hartranft Club, of our city. These delegations, with the Rhode Island, were accompanied by Gen. Burnside, whose appearance at the depot was made the occasion of an enthusiastic ovation by the crowd. There was no speech-making, but the enthusiasm of the people, who had gathered in large numbers, must have convinced the gallant General and his friends that all were heartily welcome. The line was finally formed, and moved down Liberty and along Smithfield streets to the Monongahela House, the Hartranft Club leading the way. The visitors were headed by the Seventh Regiment Veteran Regiment Band, G. A. Conners leader. The New Yorkers were in command of Gen. Dudley, the Brooklyn, of Gen. Jordan, and the Rhode Islanders of Gen. Joseph R. Hawley. All along the line, as soon as Gen. Burnside was observed, they were received with cheers and every evidence of enthusiasm. Arriving at the Monongahela House, Gen. Burnside was quartered there, and the delegations then repaired to the City Hall, where they were entertained by the Subsistence Committee. Their headquarters are at the Monongahela House. The New York and Brooklyn delegation, it is estimated, number about nine hundred men.

THE RHODE ISLAND DELEGATION

Left Providence by steamboat train at 7:15 P. M. Saturday evening. They had proceeded only as far as Kingston Station, thirty miles from Providence, where they were delayed twenty minutes. They arrived at Stonington at 10 P. M., where they took the steamer Stonington for New York city, where they organized by chosing General Joseph P. Black, of Providence, as Chairman, and Colonel Thomas Steer, who is corresponding editor of the Providence *Journal*, Secretary. They arrived in New York at 10 o'clock on Sabbath morning, and immediately proceeded to General Burnside's headquarters at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, where they remained all day, and left at 9:30 from the Jersey City depot of the Pennsylvania Railroad, breakfasting at Altoona and arriving here at 4 o'clock Monday afternoon. They were escorted from the depot to City Hall, where they were fed by the Ladies Committee. After leaving the hall the delegation marched up to the Monongahela House, where they put up—their headquarters being at rooms Nos. 22 and 23. The delegation numbers among its prominent men General Ambrose E. Burnside, Chaplain Elish F. Watson, late of 11th Massachusetts, Sergeant Donahue, and Wakefield, Jones, Foo P. Balsch, General Nathan B. Goff, Jr., General Charles R. Brighton, Captain Thomas Simpson, Captain George H. Pettis, Captain Thomas F. Usher, and others. Irving Watson, of the Providence *Press*, accompanies the delegation, who will remain until Thursday morning.

MASSACHUSETTS DELEGATION.

In the afternoon, about two o'clock, the Massachusetts delegation arrived, and were also received by the Hartranft Club, by whom they were escorted to their temporary headquarters at Municipal Hall. They numbered about two hundred men, under command of [illegible] Sargeant. They were accompanied by Brown's Brigade Brass Band from Boston—considered (next to Gilmore's) the crack band of Boston. This delegation was also accompanied by the G. A. R. Quartette Club, led by the brothers of the Casey sisters. They halted for awhile at Municipal Hall, and were then escorted to old City Hall, where they were entertained by the Subsistence Committee. The delegation then marched back to Municipal Hall, where half of them found quarters, the remainder going to the Monongahela House.

CONNECTICUT.

The Connecticut delegation arrived at two o'clock and were received in the same manner as their predecessors. They number about fifty men under command of Gen. Joseph R. Hawley, editor of the Hartford *Courant*, and one of the best known soldiers and politicians in the country. Gen. Hawley was assisted by Charles Jewell, a cousin of Governor Jewell, of Connecticut. They have their headquarters at the Monongahela House. In this delegation there is a colored man, Captain F. M. Welsh, who participated in the battle at Fort Wagner. He was then a private in the Fifty-fourth Massachusetts regiment, but for gallantry in that action was promoted to a Captaincy, being the first commissioned colored officer in the army.

NEW JERSEY.

This State is represented by a delegation of one hundred men, who are under command of Capt. Madison Drake of Newark. They came in small detachments, the first arriving on Sunday night, but have all concentrated at the Monongahela House. Their headquarters being No. 11, their leader, Col. Ward, carries the scars with him, having been wounded seven times. They are also accompanied by Brigadier Gen. John B. McIntosh, who commanded the First Brigade of Cavalry in Custar's Division, and lost a leg at Winchester. Among the prominent men are Brigadier Gen. Ed. Jardine, Col. A. M. Way, Col. T. M. Dwyer, Col. J. R. Coble, Capt. Rice and others.

THE ILLINOIS DELEGATION.

The State of Lincoln and Grant sends out a fine body of men, including many who are distinguished both in civil and military life. The delegation has established headquarters at the reception rooms, City Hall. General Julian White is chairman, and Captain T. D. Sonergan and Captain E. B. Sherman, Secretaries. The following are some of the most prominent members of this delegation: Gen. John A. Logan, Army of the Tennessee; Gen. George S. McCook, 31st Illinois infantry; Gen. John C. Smith, 96th Illinois infantry; Gen. Joseph Stockton, 72d Illinois infantry; Col. Owen Stuart, 17th Illinois infantry; Col. H. H. Hilliard, 17th Illinois infantry; Col. J. J. Palmer, 45th Illinois infantry; Col. E. Conner, 44th New York infantry; Major E. Russell, 8th Illinois cavalry; Capt. W. M. Loughlin, 1st S. N. V. Engineer Miner.

The delegation numbers nearly one hundred, and is accompanied by Nevins & Dean's Band of Chicago, and by the celebrated Lombard Glee Club, so widely known and popular in the Northwest. They are loaded to the muzzle with campaign songs of the most effective and amusing character. The Illinois boys are both firm and enthusiastic in their adherence to the principles of the party of progress, and have no "Greeley Gray," and take no stock in the "Greeley Gray." Blue is still their favorite color, and they are unable to see why or how it has come to pass that the gallant son of Illinois, Gen. U. S. Grant, is to be debarred from the privileges of any other citizen, because he led our patriotic hosts to glorious victory, and shivered the scepter of treason into a thousand fragments. Illinois is as safe for Grant as Vermont or Massachusetts. The prairies are all on fire with enthusiasm, and the deserters are exhibiting symptoms of disgust at their own amazing stupidity.

PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia sends the Alexandria Hartranft Club, one hundred strong, which is quartered over the store of Messrs. Gray, Fossiel & Rose, Fifth avenue. The remainder of the Philadelphia delegation will arrive to-night.

There are other scattering delegations numbering from twenty-five to fifty men throughout the State, but that their headquarters could not be ascertained.

BALTIMORE.

Baltimore sends a large delegation, who are at the St. Clair Hotel, and are headed by Capt. Wm. McClain, Col. Gillespie and Col. C. M. Whittle. Part of this delegation is quartered at Wilkins Hall. They are accompanied by Gen. W. W. Dennison, who heads the Maryland delegation, which will count four hundred strong when all have arrived.

MONONGAHELA VALLEY.

This blooming and fertile valley is fittingly represented by a thousand veterans under general command of Col. Chill W. Hazzard. The delegation is made up of detachments from Brownsville, General Waynesburg, Monongahela city, Elizabeth, and all the towns along the line of the river. The Colonel has established headquarters in the Grand Army Room at the Court House, but the delegates have been divided and scattered around among the different hotels. They will hold a meeting, however, this morning at nine o'clock, at the general headquarters, Court House, and a full attendance, requested promptly to perfect organization.

LYCOMING COUNTY.

The delegation from this place arrived in the afternoon. It is under command of Col. James Covenan, and accompanied by Reppe's band. They are quartered in Excelsior Hall, Allegheny.

HARRISBURG.

Harrisburg sends a Hartranft Club, which is quartered at the St. Nicholas. They have about one hundred and fifty members.

PROMINENT VISITORS.

PERSONAL NOTES BY OUR REPORTERS.

From such a Convention it would be a matter of impossibility to select even a tithe of those who are worthy of especial mention, but our reporters, in their rambles among the various delegations gathered up a few personal notes of some of our honored visitors, which are here-with appended. Others will follow hereafter during the stay of our friends in this city, and we thus hope to make the list in a measure complete. Of course in making up our record we naturally turn first to those to whom in this State especial attention is now directed—our honored candidates whom we propose to triumphantly elect on that October day when Pennsylvania again makes her Republican record.

GEN. JOHN F. HARTRANFT.

John Frederick Hartranft was born in New Hanover township, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, on the 16th of December, 1830. He graduated from Union College, Schenectady, New York, in 1853, and during the ensuing year he was employed as a civil engineer. In 1858, after serving four years as deputy sheriff of Montgomery county, he turned his attention to the study of law, and was admitted to the bar in 1860. At the outbreak of the rebellion he, being a Colonel of militia, proffered his services to Governor Curtin. They were accepted, and his regiment, the 4th Pennsylvania, rendezvoused at Harrisburg on the 20th of April, and, as soon as equipped for service, entered the field. The term of the regiment (three months) expired just before the battle of Bull Run, but Colonel Hartranft volunteered his services for the battle, and was assigned to duty on the staff of Colonel (afterward General) Franklin, and as a staff officer General Hartranft saw his first battle. Subsequently, in November, 1861, he went into the three years' service as a Colonel of the 51st Pennsylvania, was ordered to North Carolina, and took part in the battle of Roanoke Island in February, 1862. In that year his regiment fought in the battles of Second Bull Run, Chantilly, South Mountain, and Antietam. In March, 1863, he operated under Grant at the siege of Vicksburg, and shortly after the fall of that city he suffered so severely from sun-stroke that he returned to the North. In November of that year he rejoined the army near Knoxville, Tennessee, and commanded the 2d Division of the 9th Corps. He subsequently commanded the 1st Brigade of the 2d Division of that Corps, and served in the battles of the Wilderness and succeeding battles of minor importance. He was appointed Brigadier-General, to date from May 12, 1864.

In March, 1865, he commanded the Third Division of the Ninth Corps in their assault on Fort Steadman, and was breveted Major-General. His command saw no more active service, but Gen. Hartranft himself occupied the unenviable position of presiding at the trials and sentences of the Military Commission which tried Mrs. Surratt, Payne, Harold, and others, for the murder of Abraham Lincoln. Returning to civil life, Gen. Hartranft boldly threw off the sneers of his former political associates, and in 1865 accepted the Republican nomination for Auditor General, and was elected by a majority of 22,690 over W. H. H. Davis. In 1868 he was re-elected by the greatly reduced majority of 9,499, his opponent being Charles E. Boyle. Last year he was not renominated, but at the death of Colonel David Stanton, his successor, a special act of the Legislature constituted him the office. Gen. Hartranft is the guest of Jacob Rust, Esq.

HON. ULYSSES S. MERCUR.

Ulysses S. Mercur, of Bradford county, was born at Towanda, Pa., August 12, 1818, and is in the 64th year of his age. He graduated at Jefferson College, of this State, and practiced law. He was elected in 1860 as Presidential Elector for the last district, and in March, 1861, he was appointed President Judge of the Thirteenth Judicial District, and soon after elected by the people to that position for a term of ten years, from December, 1861, but resigned on being elected a member of the Thirty-ninth Congress, to represent the Thirteenth district, composed of the counties of Bradford, Columbia, Montour and Wyoming. He was re-elected to the Fortieth and Forty-first Congresses, and again to the Forty-second Congress, receiving 11,117 against 10,993 for C. B. Brockway, Democrat.

Judge Mercur has taken a very prominent position in Congress, serving upon the Judicial Committee, and by his large experience contributing much in framing wise and wholesome measures. In the formation of the present national apportionment bill he was the author, and in every position he has always been found equal to the duties imposed upon him. Recently, his constituents, learning that he did not desire to longer represent his district in Congress, in the most flattering manner endeavored to persuade him to change his determination, and again to allow his name to be used as a candidate, but he steadily refused.

GENERAL HARRISON ALLEN.

General Harrison Allen is a native of Warren county, and is in the thirty-eighth year of his age. With the limited opportunities that farmers' sons usually enjoy, when he was a boy he acquired a good education and studied law. He lost no time entering the service when the rebellion commenced, and beginning as Captain, was promoted to Major of the 10th Reserves, Colonel of the 151st Pennsylvania Volunteers, and Breveted Brigadier General for meritorious services. General Allen represented his county in the Legislature during the sessions of 1866 and 1867, and took a prominent and creditable part in legislation. His speeches on the fifteenth amendment, soldiers' orphan schools and other measures were [illegible] both [illegible] the Chicago Convention [illegible] a delegate [illegible] Grant, General Allen [illegible] large in the Soldiers' Convention Movement. He took a leading part in the successful canvass that followed. He was elected in 1869 to represent his district (Twenty-eighth) in the State Senate, and in that body gained considerable prominence and influence.

GEN. AMBROSE EVERETT BURNSIDE.

General Burnside is a native of Liberty, Union county, Indiana, and is now about forty-four years of age. He was appointed a cadet from Indiana to West Point, in 1843, and in 1847 received his commission as Second Lieutenant of the Third Artillery in 1847. Three years afterwards he was appointed to a First Lieutenancy, and after two years in that service, resigned his connection with the regular army and accepted the Treasurership of the Illinois Central Railway, of which General McClellan at the time was President. This position he held at the breaking out of the civil war. When the President issued his call for troops Burnside responded with 1,300 men—the first regiment of Rhode Island Volunteers—who arrived in Washington, April 27, 1861. He served as Colonel under McDowell, and in August, 1861, his regiment returned home, and he was commissioned as Brigadier General. On November 5th, 1862, he succeeded General George B. McClellan as commander of the Army of the Potomac. At his own request, in January, 1863, he was relieved of the command of this army, and afterward was employed with General Rosecrans in the movements around Chattanooga. On the reopening of the campaign in Virginia in the spring of 1864, he was assigned to the command of the 9th corps, and given command of a reserved corps, in which there was a large force of colored troops. He continued in his army until the close of the war, and then returned to Rhode Island, where he has since been engaged in manufactures.

General Burnside, in personal appearance, is one of the most commanding and impressive of men. As a public speaker he is deliberate and logical, carrying more force by the soundness of his reasoning than the arts of the elocutionist. He is considered one of the best business men in New England, his especial forte being his executive ability in the direction of every department of any business in which he is engaged. In private life he bears a high reputation, and has warm friends wherever he is known.

Gen. Burnside is stopping at the Monongahela House, where he was busily engaged, yesterday, during the greater part of his time, receiving visitors, ladies and gentlemen, who called to pay their respects. It is probable he will be chosen chairman of the Convention.

GEN. FRANZ SIGEL.

is one of the prominent men who had not arrived last night, but will surely be on hand to-day. His visit is looked upon with especial interest, scarcely inferior to that of Gen. Hartranft, among our German friends. Sigel has been in Pittsburgh heretofore, and is therefore well known in this community.

Sigel is a native of Zinsheim Baden, Germany, and is now about forty-eight years of age. He was educated at the Carlsruhe military school, was Adjutant General in the Baden campaign, and in 1848, and engaged in the revolution of that year, being Minister of War under the Revolutionary Government. The revolution failed, and he retreated to Switzerland and thence to the United States. He settled in Saugit school in New York in 1850, and afterward in 1858 in St. Louis, Mo. He entered the army in 1861 as Colonel of the Third Missouri Volunteers, and fought in the south-west, Carthage, Rolla, Wilson's Creek, and Pea Ridge. In May, 1862, he was promoted to the Major General ship and he fought under Pope in Virginia, his most important engagement being the Second battle of Bull Run. After the war Gen. Sigel settled in New York, became a prominent politician there and ran for the office of Comptroller on the Republican ticket and was elected and is now filling that position. The strength and confidence of his popularity was the fact that he was elected by a handsome majority while the others on the ticket were defeated—Horace Greeley by the candidate for Governor.

MAJOR JOHN A. LOGAN, OF ILLINOIS,

of medium size and heavy build, swarthy complexion, and raven hair; the gallant Logan is a man that commands notice in any assemblage. He is an earnest, impassioned speaker, and in the torrent of his eloquence invariably carries his audience to his own conclusions. Prior to the war he was for many years a Democratic member of Congress from the Egyptian district of Illinois. He was noted for his ultra Democratic views and warm admiration of Stephen A. Douglas. Up to the breaking out of the war General Logan remained in his old party association, but when Sumter was fired on, the patriotism and enthusiasm of his nature swept away all party ties. He recruited a regiment among his old Democratic acquaintances of southern Illinois, and took the field under Grant. He fought gallantly at Fort Henry, Donnelson and Shiloh, and rose rapidly in rank. In Sherman's Atlanta campaign he commanded the Fifteenth Army Corps, one of the finest fighting bodies of men in the western army. We need not recount General Logan's battles; they are part, and a bright part, of the history of the war. He came out of the conflict with a record as a brave soldier and as high a reputation for courage as any officer in the army. On the conclusion of his military services he re-entered Congress as a member of large from Illinois, and has been a prominent and useful member, and always an unflinching Republican. A year ago he was elected to the United States Senate, in place of ex-Gov. Yates, and is now a member of that body. The Democrats of Illinois counted on his following Trumbull into their camp, but they did not know the man. He is as true to principle as the needle to the pole.

Senator Logan was known in the Western Armies as "Fighting Logan" of the 15th Army Corps, whose badge is a cartridge-box bearing the inscription "No Surrender."

Gen. Logan was made a Brigadier for conspicuous gallantry at Fort Donelson, where he was wounded in action. At Shiloh he commanded third Division of the army formerly commanded by Gen. Shreman, and for bravery on that occasion was promoted to Major General.

He was subsequently promoted to the command of the Tennessee, where he made a brilliant record and won unfading laurels.

Soon after his return to civil life he was elected "Congressman-at-Large" from Illinois by the Legislature of that State. Later a re-election to that position he was transferred to the Senate where he now is. His impassioned and brilliant defence of his old comrade and friend, President Grant, from the fierce onslaught of the disappointed Sumner and Trumbull, Schurz and Sinzz, immediately gave him a commanding position in the Senate and endeared him to the hearts of of the gallant sons of Illinois.

GENERAL M. M'COOK OF COLORADO.

He comes of a good stock—the "Fighting McCooks" of Ohio—and during the war maintained the high honor of his family name. Before the war, General McCook was a strong Democrat. He entered the army at an early period of the conflict, and by downright hard service in the field, won his spurs first as Colonel and Brigadier General. He had an important cavalry command, under Sherman, was intrusted with responsible duties, and always came out with high honor. Shortly after General Grant's inauguration, he was appointed Governor of Colorado, the most important and populous of the new western countries. He still holds that position, with the promise of higher honors from the people when the territory shall have come into the Union as a State. General McCook is an earnest Republican, and has done as good service for the cause in civil life as he did for the Union during the war.

GEN. STEPHEN. L. WOODFORD.

This gentleman, one of the most prominent soldiers in the city, is a member of the New York delegation. He is about thirty-five years of age, a native of New York, a lawyer by profession, having an extensive practice in New York city, and a representative volunteer soldier who responded to the first call for arms, entered the ranks and made an honorable record during the four years of strife. He was engaged principally in the War Department at Washington under Gen. Gilmore, and performed his part so well that before his service was ended he wore the stars of a Major General, being promoted for gallantry in the field. Aside from his military record, General Woodford, in private life, as a civilian stands very high. He is regarded as one of the finest stump speakers in New York, and has just closed a tour through Vermont and Maine, and is engaged in the canvass in our own State. It is probable our people will have an opportunity of hearing him before the campaign closes.

GEN. JORDAN

accompanies the Brooklyn delegation as its commander. He won his title on the field, having passed up from the ranks to the Major-Generalship while in the army. At the close of the war General Jordan at present is President of the Board of Police Commissioners of Brooklyn, and stands as high at home as he did in the army.

GEN. ADDISON FARNSWORTH

also accompanies the New York delegation. He was a soldier in the Mexican war, and subsequently, when the rebellion broke out, having no [illegible] remuscences of the "camp and field," entered the army as Colonel of the 79th Scotch Highlanders. He was breveted Brigadier for his gallantry in the field.

GEN. JOSEPH R. HAWLEY.

The leader of the Connecticut delegation, Gen. Hawley, hardly needs an introduction to our people, for they have pleasant reminiscences of his visit here and strong services during the last campaign. Gen. Hawley is a native of North Carolina, though his parents were Connecticut Quakers. He graduated at Hamilton College, New York, and is a man of culture, and high intellectual attainments. The legal profession early attracted his attention, but the bar was soon deserted for the editorial tripod, and for the past fifteen years he has been wielding a vigorous and facile pen as a journalist. He was one of the early and open abolitionists and fought with all his energies in that cause. When the first sounds of war were heard he was quick to forsee the duty of the hour, and he was not long to enlist in the first regiment that was raised in New England. He went in as a private in the three months' service, was made Captain, came home when his term expired and raised the Seventh Connecticut regiment, of which he was made Colonel. His regiment was now raised to the rank of a Brigadier, and remained in the service until the close of the war—in all having been in the army about four years and a half. He fought in all the principal battles along the coast, and was always found at his post. Being mustered out of the service, he resumed the profession of journalism, and for the last five and ten years has been one of the editors of the Hartford *Post*, the leading Republican paper in Connecticut, if not in New England.

Gen. Hawley's particular forte is on the "stump," where he has gained a national reputation. He has few equals in fluency and force, and has united with it a keen appreciation of the humorous, that makes him universally effective and popular. Personally he is one of the most popular men in New England, among all parties, and it is probable no man in his State would poll so many votes in a general election. He will doubtless soon be a member of Congress, as there is a vacancy in his district, and he is [illegible] will deliver an address [illegible] Convention.

SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

NEW YORK.

Cruelties at the Insane Asylum—A Man Mistaken for a Burglar and Locked Up —The Mayoralty—A Church Shipped to Peru—The North Carolina Governorship—Question of Contesting the Election—Formation of the American Public Health Association.

NEW YORK, September 16, 1872.

THE NORTH CAROLINA GOVERNORSHIP.

Judge Merrimon has written to S. A. Case, of Raleigh, regarding the contest of the election in North Carolina, in which he says: "I would not think of the grave step of contesting an election upon slight or captious grounds, or to gratify party caprice; but if there is substantial ground for doing so, and I believe there is, and it can be made to appear according to law, and the people demand it, it will be my duty, and I will add my pleasure to contest it, and I shall do so at the instance of the people. If, on the other hand, in the opinion of friends competent to judge such matters, sufficient proof of frauds cannot be made to contest successfully, I will not attempt a fruitless undertaking. I do not desire to engage in an unavailing controversy, and I am sure the people do not. But I have most abundant information to satisfy me that the great body of the people throughout the State who supported me, and those associated with me, desire that such contest shall be made, if sufficient proof can be produced to make it successful—not otherwise—and that if it turns out upon an examination now being made by my friends through the Executive Committee, that substantial ground for contest can be established, I will contest the election and vindicate the rights of the people and, as I believe, the best interests of the State and country by so doing, to the utmost of my capacity and to the last extremity."

AMERICAN PUBLIC HEALTH ASSOCIATION.

A large number of medical and other scientific men have organized as the American Public Health Association. Stephen Smith, of New York is President, Edwin M. Snow, of Providence, First Vice President, C. B. White, of New Orleans, Second Vice President, Elisha Harris, of New York, Treasurer, and Elisha Harris, of New York, Secretary. Francis Bacon, of New Haven, Wm. Cleudenin, of Cincinnati, C. C. Cox, of Washington, Henry Hasbrouck, of Philadelphia, Morgan Morris, of New York, and John M. Woodworth, of Washington, are the Executive Committee. Various important subjects were referred to special committees. The present number of members is about fifty. Its object is mainly the field of sanitary improvement in the cities of the United States and Canada. The next meeting will be held in Washington in the last week in February.

CRUELTIES AT THE INSANE ASYLUM.

The examination of the remains of Mr. John R. Ornell, the Swede who was supposed to have died from the attacks of a nurse at the Insane Asylum on Ward's Island, shows that he had been in a weak state at the time of the assault. The accused assailant, Farrell, denies that he inflicted punishment, but admits that parties in the Institution were whipped. He was also beaten, may recover.

THE MAYORALTY.

It is reported that Comptroller Green refuses to be a candidate for Mayor in any event. It seems to be the general opinion that ex-Mayor Havemeyer will be run by the Republicans, while John McCool, Smith Ely and John Kelly are talked of for the Democratic nominations.

INCREASE OF WA

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

JOSIAH KING.....E. P. REED
T. P. HOUSTON.....D. L. FLEMING
GEO. W. REED.
KING, REED & CO., Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

Terms for 1872.

DAILY GAZETTE.

By mail, per annum.....$8 00
Do for 6 months.....4 25
Do for 3 months.....2 25
Do for 1 month.....75
By the week, payable to Agent or Carrier.....12
All remittances should be made by express or in money orders, and when so forwarded will be at our risk.

WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Single subscription.....$2 00
Clubs of five.....7 50
Clubs of ten.....12 00
A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter-up of a club of ten. Postmasters are requested to act as agents.

Give full address, postoffice, county and State, also, name of express office, in order that there may be no mistake in forwarding papers.
Persons desiring to subscribe for the GAZETTE, Daily, or Weekly—with, upon application, be supplied with specimen copies free of charge.
KING, REED & CO.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1872.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

NATIONAL.

FOR PRESIDENT:
ULYSSES S. GRANT.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
HENRY WILSON.

STATE.

FOR GOVERNOR:
J. P. HARTRANFT, Montgomery County.
SUPREME JUDGE:
ULYSSES MERCUR, Bradford County.
AUDITOR GENERAL:
HARRISON ALLEN, Warren County.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE
GEN. LEWIS. TODD, Cumberland;
GEN. CHARLES A. MCKNIGHT, Carlisle;
GLENI W. SCHOFIELD Erie.
DELEGATES AT LARGE TO THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.
WM. M. MEREDITH, Philadelphia;
J. GILLINGHAM FELL, Philadelphia;
GEN. HARRY WHITE, Indiana;
GEN. WM. LILLY, Carbon;
LIEN BARTHOLOMEW, Schuylkill;
H. N. M'ALLISTER, Centre;
WILLIAM H. ARMSTRONG, Lycoming.
WILLIAM DAVIS, Monroe;
JAMES L. REYNOLDS, Lancaster;
SAMUEL E. DIMMICK, Wayne;
GEO. V. LAWRENCE, Washington;
DAVID WILLIAMS, Allegheny;
W. H. ALBERT, Lehigh;
JOHN H. WALKER Erie.

COUNTY.

CONGRESS—XXIII DISTRICT:
JAMES S. NEGLEY, of Pittsburgh.
CONGRESS—XXIII DISTRICT:
EBENEZER McJUNKIN, of Butler.
FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE:
JAMES P. SHERRETT, of Pittsburgh.
FOR LAW JUDGE:
EDWIN H. STOWE, of Pittsburgh.
FOR LEGISLATURE:
H. H. McCONAGHY, 1st District, Pittsburgh.
E. J. WAINWRIGHT, 2d District, Pittsburgh.
JAMES MARSHALL, Allegheny.
HYDE SAMPLE, of Sealer.
J. W. RUCKANTINE, of Temperanceville.
T. YOUNG, of Robinson.
J. C. NEWMYER, of Wilkins.
FOR SHERIFF:
JOHN H. HARE, of Pittsburgh.
FOR CLERK OF COURTS:
W. H. McCLEARY, of Pittsburgh.
FOR CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT:
ALEXANDER HILANDS, of Pittsburgh.
FOR RECORDER:
RALPH J. RICHARDSON, of Pittsburgh.
FOR REGISTER:
JOSEPH H. GRAY, of Pittsburgh.
FOR COMMISSIONER:
JAMES McGUINNIGLE, of Chartiers.
FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR:
JAMES W. BELL, of Robinson.
DELEGATES TO CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.
THOMAS MACONNELL, | W. F. WHITE.
SAMUEL A. PURVIANCE, | MATTHEW EDWARDS.
THOMAS EWING, | THOMAS HOWARD.

GOLD closed in New York on Saturday at 113¼@113¾.

WE RATHER like the specimen of the "great ground swell" we get from the Fourth Congressional district of Maine. The majority for Hersey, Republican, for representative in Congress, will exceed five thousand, being the largest majority ever given in the district.

HORACE GREELEY is to start on a western tour to-morrow, taking in Pittsburgh and other cities as far west as Chicago, and south as far as Nashville. Horace misses a great deal by not getting to Pittsburgh to-day or to-morrow. But this swinging around the circle will not save the old gentleman any more than it did in Vermont or Maine.

SENATOR SUMNER got the first news of his nomination for Governor of Massachusetts on Saturday last, on his arrival at Liverpool. He promptly announced that he would positively decline the nomination. The Senator has gone pretty far in the wrong direction, but we are glad to see his manhood revolts at being made a cat's-paw for the benefit of Banks and the crowd he is now training with.

THE Reformers like Aleck McClure and the notorious Farnsworth, sneer at the reduction of the debt under President Grant, and ask if it was not the people who paid it. It unquestionably was the people who paid the taxes, but it was under General Grant's wise and firm administration that those taxes were so impartially collected and so honestly applied that, with a reduction of taxation equal to $389,000,000, $300,000,000 of the debt was paid in three years.

WHEN the Georgia Secession Convention in 1861 was halting and hesitating what to do—whether to follow the example of South Carolina or remain in the Union, and after Alexander H. Stephens had concluded one of his great Union speeches, in which he warned his associates that the people of the North were a unit against any disruption of the Union, Robert Toombs pulled from his pocket a New York *Tribune* and read this extract from an editorial over Greeley's name:

"As to secession I have said repeatedly and here repeat that if the people of the slave States, or of the cotton States alone, really wish to get out of the Union, I am in favor of letting them out. If their vote shall indicate their settled resolve to get out of the Union, I will do all I can to help them out at an early day."

This, Toombs could well afford to say, was from the leading Republican paper of the North, and was written by a man high in the confidence of the Republican party. It was all the answer he need make to Stephens' speech. Georgia passed the ordinance of secession. Other States waiting on its action followed, and the war came as naturally as any effect follows a given cause. Greeley's secession editorials were the strongest arguments in the hands of the disunion leaders. They proclaimed that secession could be accomplished peaceably, and that the North would quietly acquiesce in the Southern programme. Upon no one man does the responsibility for the four long years of battle and strife rest with a greater weight than upon Horace Greeley.

THAT rascally libeller Dana, in a recent number of his *Sun*, "that lies for all," declared General Dix was not the author of the celebrated and inspiring war telegram "if any man attempts to haul down the American flag shoot him on the spot," but that the order was Edwin M. Stanton's. Dana says "Stanton himself told us so." It so happens that the authorship of the dispatch came in question before Mr. Stanton's death, and that gentleman in reply to a letter from Mr. Robert Bonner, of the *Ledger*, declared "both as to expression and inspiration, the merit (of the dispatch) belongs wholly to General Dix and should be awarded to him." We also observe that Hon. Jerry Black of this State, who was in Buchanan's cabinet at the time the dispatch was sent, feels called on to vindicate the truth of history in the matter. In a letter dated August 26, 1872, to General Dix, Judge Black says:

"I have just seen a newspaper statement that you are discovered not to be the author of the order to shoot any man who attempted to haul down the American flag. I have a very distinct recollection that you read the order as your own in the presence of the President and members of the Cabinet at or immediately after the time of its date. I have not spoken now and never had any more doubt about its being yours and yours only than I have about the authenticity of any act done by any member of that Administration. All the circumstances concur to convince me that I cannot have been mistaken. Stanton certainly did not write or suggest it, and I am satisfied that nobody except yourself knew of its existence until you read it on the occasion I speak of."

This is not a matter of very great importance, and we merely notice it to show what an unconscionable liar

WELCOME TO THE VETERANS.

Six years ago, in September, 1866, the first National Convention of the Veteran Soldiers and Sailors of the Republic assembled in Pittsburgh. That was a critical time in the history of the nation. President Johnson had proved recreant to the principles and organization that placed him in power. He had initiated a "policy" that would have fixed the destines of the nation under the control of the unrepentant rebels of the South and the Democratic reactionists of the North. The patriotism of the country did not demand any indemnity for the past, but common sense and duty alike said there must be security for the future; that there should be an impartial ballot and an equality of political and civil rights and privileges that embraced every citizen of the Republic within its protecting folds. The President rejected these just demands, and wandered after strange gods in company with men who had been as trusted leaders of the Republican party as some of those who now follow Greeley out of the organization. The vital question in the autumn of 1866 was whether the masses of the people would accept the Johnson "policy" or remain true to the necessities of the hour. The times were critical, for we had the national administration against us, and a "bread and butter brigade" was yelping from Maine to Texas. The best men of the Republican party were fearful that we would lose the legitimate results of the war, and the nation be remanded to rebel domination, or at best, copperhead rule. It was under such conditions of national peril that the Soldiers' and Sailors' National Convention of 1866 was held in Pittsburgh. Its action was prompt and courageous; it gave forth no uncertain sound on the issue between Johnson and the patriotic North. Its action reanimated the Republican party, and the October and November elections following gave us one of the grandest Union victories ever achieved at the ballot box. Andy Johnson was crushed under the weight of popular displeasure, and henceforth was President only in name; a two-thirds majority confronted him in both branches of Congress, and his veto was as powerless as his "policy."

Six years have passed, and the Veteran Soldiers of the nation are once more called to meet in our city, not to declare against a treacherous President and his advisers, but to strengthen the arm of their great leader during the war, vindicate his administration of the National Government, and urge upon the American people his re-election to the high position to which he was elevated by the honest patriotism of the country four years ago. In 1866 all was doubt, gloom, and uncertainty in the political world until the Soldiers thundered out they would vote as they fought. The conditions are changed under which the Veterans now assemble. The air is full of the harbingers of the victory; the preliminary contests show that the people are true to their convictions of former years that the time has not yet come when the Republican party can be spared from the administration of the Government. The re-election of General Grant is no longer classed among the doubtful events of the future. It is certain and assured, and the Soldiers can give an endorsement to their great chief with as much enthusiasm and as sincere joy as if they were celebrating a victory achieved. As in '65, in calling over the roll of trusted leaders, so now they will have to report some names as "deserted" and gone over to the enemy. It was Seward and Doolittle and Randall and Cowan six years ago; now it is Sumner and Banks and Trumbull and Schurz. But what matters their defection so long as the people remain true. The Republican party is not a party of leaders, but a party of the people, and the vote of the humblest negro in the land counts for as much as that of the proudest Senator.

On behalf of the TWELVE THOUSAND MAJORITY that the people of Allegheny county propose to give General Grant in November, we extend to the Veteran Soldiers a hearty welcome to our busy city. Every banner and decoration that catches the breeze is in their honor, and a mark of the appreciation of their gallant services by our citizens. We welcome them as well for what they have done as for what they now promise by this grand patriotic gathering. It will inspire the Republicans of the great central States with renewed assurances of victory at the October elections, so that they will achieve a success that will make the re-election of General Grant in November a foregone conclusion. It is the most important, as it promises to be the largest and most effective assemblage held in the canvass of 1872. Again, we bid the delegates cordial welcome—a pleasant and profitable sojourn in our city, and a prosperous return to their homes.

THE QUALITY OF MERCY.

Mr. Tom Marshal indulges in a great deal of pathos over the fact that while the Southern slaves have been freed and enfranchised, those gifted gentlemen "their late masters" are under the ban of disqualification to hold office. The way he puts it is that there is an immense number of "the late masters," mere slaves of their late slaves. Mr. Marshall is all wrong. There is not at this time in the United States a single white citizen deprived of the right of suffrage, unless he has been convicted of some infamous crime, and thereby, under State law, lost his right to vote. Mr. Jeff. Davis votes as readily in Memphis as Mr. Marshall in Allegheny City. A few of the prominent rebels are disqualified for holding office—less than two hundred in all. This comes about as follows: The Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States prohibits a certain class from holding office, all of whom had taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States and subsequently taken part in the rebellion. This included, necessarily, all Federal and State officers for years back, and was very sweeping. The same amendment, however, gave Congress the power to remove this disability by a two-thirds vote of the two Houses. This Congress, on the earnest recommendation of General Grant, did the 22d day of May last, excepting from such release only the following classes of men, who had taken an oath to support the Constitution, and subsequently engaged in the rebellion:

1. Senators and Representatives in the Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh Congresses.
2. Judicial, military and naval officers of the United States.
3. Heads of Departments.
4. Foreign Ministers.

A number of individuals of these classes have been relieved of their disqualification by a separate vote of Congress, so that the whole number in the Union now disqualified hardly reaches two hundred. Robert Toombs, Jeff Davis, or John C. Breckinridge cannot be returned to the United States Senate it is true; they have spurned the idea of pardon, and so has the entire remaining excepted class, but the right of the whole of them to vote is clear and unquestioned. We suppose one of these days when they become contrite of heart sufficiently to ask forgiveness, Congress will wipe out their sins and put them on the road to political preferment, if their own people have not had enough of them. Greeley's election will not hasten that exercise of mercy a single day, for Congress alone has the power to remove the disqualification to hold office, by a two-third vote, and it is not within the range of possibilities that the Republicans will be in a minority in the United States Senate within the next four or six years. If Toombs, Breckinridge, Semmes,

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE navy annually consumes 200,000 pounds of pickles, at a cost of $17,000.

THE State of Michigan had a balance in her treasury on the 31st of August, of $995,403 48.

AN unusual amount of California fruit has been shipped for the eastern markets this season.

AN owl which was shot in Tennessee had a steel trap with about two feet of chain attached to it, hitched on to one of his feet.

THERE are now lying at Brooklyn Navy Yard the Guerriere sloop of war, 22 guns; Florida, 23 guns; Minnesota, 45 guns; Tennessee, screw-sloop, 23 guns; Guard, 4.

CITIZENS of Shangae, China, have taken six millions of francs of the new French loan. Sympathy from the imperial East for the cause of Democracy in Europe.

THE destruction of weeds is always in order. Let none go to seed in fence corners, in pastures or on the sides of the road, or around stone heaps or other waste places.

THE annual parade of the New York police force will take place on the 27th inst., and great preparations are being made throughout the department to make the exhibition a success.

A GENTLEMAN named Drew, died in San Francisco, recently, from a cancer, caused by a friend pinching him on his arm about eighteen months ago. He had submitted to three amputations, but without benefit.

BRUSSELS, the capital of Belgium, has about 170,000 inhabitants. It consists of an upper and lower city, the former, which is much the newer, lying at the top, and the latter at the bottom of some sand hills.

THE Emperor Napoleon's jewels are being scattered over the world pretty generally. A portion of them are on sale in Bombay, held at thirty lacs of rupees, but owing to a "lack" of rupees purchasers are not plenty.

IT is suggested that the beet, which, boiled, except when very young, is stringy and unpalatable, should be *baked*. Thus treated and sliced in venegar, it is said to be palatable and nutritious. Boiling extracts the edible and useful portion of the vegetable.

NEAR Crisfield, Maryland, on Thursday week, Cordelia King, a colored girl, went with her little brother to feed a pig, having several needles and pins in her dress front, when in the act of leaning over the pen, she fell, and one of the needles entering her breast, killed her.

THE Russian Skoptz, or self mutilators, are are now extending their unnatural proselytism into neighboring countries. The branch at Yaesi, in Moldavia, is reported as progressing, and a young Moldavian was lately mutilated after having been made insensible by chloral.

A SHOCKING parricide was committed recently in the county of Montgomery, Ga. Joseph Horn, a negro, deliberately killed his old father, aged sixty-eight years, by striking him on the head with a piece of scantling. The difficulty occurred in consequence of the division of a lot o' fodder.

PRINCETON COLLEGE Wednesday commenced its one hundred and twenty-fifth academic year. President McCosh delivered an address to the students in the college chapel. One hundred and ten students were present in the freshman class. The magnificent new library building is nearly completed.

SEVEN locomotive engines for Russia were shipped from Philadelphia last week. The announcement of this fact shows that the great progressive empire of the north of Europe still adheres to its preferences for American machanics in its railway machinery, inaugurated more than a quarter of a century ago.

LOUISVILLE, KY., is agitated on the question of flogging in the public schools. From time immemorial the young ideas of the metropolis of Kentucky have been taught to shoot by a liberal aid of the birch, and now daring innovators have come and insist that the flagellation of the juvenile Kentuckians shall cease once and for all.

During the Summer season, Brighton, the famous English watering place, is the Mecca towards which all good Londoners direct their eyes. With its bathing facilities, its great acquarium and big pier, and with the sessions of the British Scientific Association thrown in by way of variety, the season this year has been brilliant, successful and exciting.

AN Edinburgh paper has a singular idea of original poetry. The following is the first "stanza" of a column and a half of print under the heading of "Original Poetry:" "Between July 1 and 20 one hundred and eight mad, or reputed mad, dogs were killed in Paris. The number of persons returned as bitten is 14." The man who takes this for poetry has surely been one of the fourteen.

THE *United Service Gazette* says: "Several ships of our double-bottomed ironclad fleet are showing signs of weakness below the copper line plating, consequent, it is supposed, on the working of their enormously heavy armor-plated topsides on a comparatively weak bottom framework. The collapse of heavy ironclads built as fast cruisers on this pipe apparently is only a question of time only, and that not of long duration."

THE Pekin *Gazette* contains an account of the shipwreck of two vessels belonging to Loo Choo, off the coast of Formosa, near the point inhabited by cannibals. The captain, officers and crew of one of the vessels were saved by a Chinese merchant vessel, that brought them safely to Foo Chow. The other vessel, containing sixty-nine men, was dashed upon rocks, and fifty-seven of those who escaped death were in a few days barbarously killed and eaten by the cannibals of Mountan Formosa.

THE great rope-walker, Blondin, whose feats at Niagara, some years since, will be remembered, appeared at the Sydenham Crystal Palace the other day, walking a rope 500 feet long, and 56 feet from the ground, clad in a heavy armor. Although a high wind was blowing, he was daring enough to walk the rope blindfolded, afterward in a sack, then with his agent on his shoulder, capping the whole by cooking an omelette poised on the middle of the rope. He'll break his neck some day, that is all!

A NEW YORK letter in the St. Louis *Republican* says: "You know lots of girls have embraced the Jewish religion and Jewish husbands lately. One of them, a Catholic girl, espoused the Hebrew faith and a German gentleman the same day. Now, her parents took a coffin with her name and age thereon to the church and had high mass said over it; toted it over to Calvary, and buried their daughter to all intents and purposes. I suppose if they ever get reconciled they'll dig up the empty coffin and use it to keep furs in."

ONE of the most important races this week and of the season is the single scull contest for $1,000 between Ellis Ward and John Biglin, at Nyack, N. Y., on Thursday, 19th inst. In this contest the respective admirers of the prospective competitors are again in doubt, although they back their opinions evenly. John Biglin certainly never looked or rowed better in his life than at the present time, and Ellis and his performances have been before the public so brilliantly prominent that comment on his appearance and ability is superfluous.

A MEETING of the manufacturers of ground sumac, in Virginia, comprising representatives of twelve firms, was held at Fredericksburg, Va., on September 3d. This convention was called for the purpose of devising measures to protect and develop the business of grinding sumac. It was stated that the present crop of sumac would be a short one, and an advance in the price of the ground article within the next thirty days was anticipated. The meeting adjourned to reassemble at Richmond, Va., on October 30th.

A COMICAL petition is in circulation in Newburyport, Mass., which has obtained many signatures, asking that the gas works in that city be abated as a nuisance, as the coal tar runs into the river, destroying the fish and clams, and impregnating the wells with its offensive and pernicious properties. The answer is, that the gas company is a little too sharp to waste tar when it will sell for $2 a gallon, the troubles coming from the soil, which was saturated with it years ago when it was considered of no value. The only nuisance now about the works is the high price of gas.

ONE, probably of the strangest pets ever heard of, was recently exhibited at the meeting of the British Association, by Sir John Lubbock. It was a tame wasp, which had been in his possession for about three months. The wasp was now quite tame, though at first it was quite ready with its sting. It now ate sugar from his hand and allowed him to stroke it. The wasp had every appearance of health and happiness, and although it enjoyed an "outing" occasionally, it readily returned to its bottle, which it seemed to regard as a home.

THE London *Times*, in connection with the recent attempt to swim across the English channel, says: "Tradition affirms that some seventy years ago, three men convicted of a political offence, to escape punishment, swam from Calais to Dover. One was drowned, the other two landed on the beach, one in an utter state of exhaustion, from which he died; the third recovered and lived in the town for several years." The distance across the channel from Dover to Calais is about twenty-two miles, but the current would probable nearly double the distance for a swimmer."

SO WE are to be disappointed, after all, in the expected war between Egypt and Abyssinia. The latest foreign telegrams inform us that the Khedive has no hostile intentions in massing his troops on the Abyssinian frontier; that his wish is to prevent trouble, and that nothing is more foreign to his intentions than to invade the territory of his neighbor. Of the truth of this assertion we can hardly judge as yet. From the long preparations made by the Khedive for a warlike campaign, and his anxiety to impress into his service military adventurers of reputation, something beyond his present avowed purpose may rationally be supposed. We have only to wait and see.

A CORRESPONDENT who likes his beer writes to the *London Echo* to know "where and how he can get a beer that will not parch his throat, muddle his head and dry his tongue—a beer that will in some degree approach the pure home-brewing to be found in the good old-fashioned country farm house." He is savage about the "Hop Substitutes" said to be used by the largest brewers in the Kingdom, and wants somebody learned in vegetable drugs to tell him what these "substitutes" are. "I love," says he, "with true English ardor, a glass of good ale;" but he might as well love the nectar of the gods, for the tipple of his ardent affection seems to have grown quite as mythical.

THE *Alta California* says that scarcely a week passes without the report of the discoveries of rich deposits of ore in some part of the Pacific slope, and although most of these reports published in the course of a year prove to be too highly colored or entirely untrue, yet many also are verified, and the result is a steady increase in the amount and variety of mineral exports. The last report is from Mulejo, Lower California, where we are told that a large deposit of organ-mouth ore has been found near a good harbor and extensive forest of small timber, so that the ore can be reduced there or exported with a profit. The ore is rich in lead but poor in silver. Copper ore is abundant near the same place.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

No. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH,
CHARTERED IN 1869.

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 3 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, James Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinney, Secretary and Treasurer.

A. Brédley, J. L. Grasam, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Ailworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbe

Land in the West.

Land in the West, as well as in the East, has undergone a material advance in the last five or ten years. In Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Michigan, in some instances, good farming lands have advanced from $10 to $80 per acre; and in the newer States beyond the Mississippi, improved farm lands have advanced in a proportionate ratio. In Iowa, for instance, $40 to $50 per acre is a common figure for good farms along the line of railroads, which ten years ago could have been purchased for $4 or $5 per acre. And all

General Dix to the Soldiers.

The following letter was read at a meeting of the National Veteran Club of Washington, on Wednesday evening:

SEAFIELD, WESTHAMPTON, N. Y., September 9, 1872.

DEAR SIR: I have received your favor of the 27th ult., asking me, in behalf of the National Veteran Club, to attend and address a meeting of soldiers and sailors at the city of Washington, on the 11th inst.

It would afford me great pleasure if it were in my power to comply with your request; but my occupations here and in New York render it impossible; and, indeed, I have been compelled to decline to speak at public meetings during the present political canvass. I have explained fully and frankly my objections to the election of Mr. Greeley. I should regard his success as one of the greatest misfortunes that could befall the country, and I cannot see how any one who perilled his life for the preservation of the Union under General Grant and our gallant military and naval commanders can give his support to Mr. Greeley, who was willing to see it dissolved without striking a blow to save it. I am, dear sir, very truly yours,

JOHN A. DIX.

J. B. THOMPSON, Chairman of Committee.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST TRUSSES IN THE WORLD.

We are prepared with a fuller and better assortment of Trusses than any establishment in the United States, suitable to every age and condition in life—we have Trusses at the lowest prices at which they can be furnished, and of a quality superior to any in the city, with competent persons to apply them, so that no one need fear in having the worst form of rupture returned and held to its place.

The frequent deaths from strangulated rupture should astonish all those who are going without Trusses, or with ill-fitting Trusses, to make application to some person who has made the application of them a particular study.

Trusses of every age and at every price can always be obtained at DR. KEYSER'S, No. 167 Liberty street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Faber & Van Doren,

367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
Machinery,
STEAM PUMPS.
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery,
MACHINE CARDS.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
Orders Solicited.

THE
FIERY FURNACE,

MANUFACTURED BY
Graff, Hugus & Co.,
ALSO,
NILES' IMPROVED
Star Range.
Improved Double-Oven
BOSTON RANGE,
VAN'S PATENT
PORTABLE RANGE,
Parlor and Cook Stoves,
Fine and Common Enameled Grate Fronts, Fine and Common Enameled Fenders, Nickel Plated Grate Fronts, Nickel Plated Fenders, Wash House Furniture, Wash House Stoves, Coal Hole Doors.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
206 and 208 Liberty Street.

JUST OPENED,
AT
Macrum & Carlisle's
NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE.
New Hamburg Embroideries,
CHOICE STYLES, VERY LOW.
NEW JEWELRY,
Very handsome and desirable.
French Tourist Belts,
NEW LOT, JUST OPENED.
NECK FRILLINGS AND FLUTINGS,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
COMBS, New and Fashionable Styles.
LADIES' SCARFS AND BOWS,
ALL CHOICE SHADES.
A complete new stock of Ladies' and Childrens Made-up Goods—Chemise, Night Dresses, Drawers, Skirts, Aprons, &c.
Great Bargains in PARASOLS to close up.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
27 Fifth Avenue.

THE GARDNER Fire Extinguisher!

Patented Feb. 14 and Dec. 26, 1871; March 12, 1872.

The Last, Best, cheapest and most EFFECTIVE.

Entirely different and superior to other EXTIGUISHERS.

AN ABSOLUTE PROTECTION FROM FIRE!

It is always ready for instant use, perfectly simple in operation, and PROMPT AND EFFICIENT IN ITS ACTION.

It is in daily use by Steamships, Manufacturers, Railroads and Fire Departments throughout the country, and has saved MILLIONS OF DOLLARS WORTH OF PROPERTY. The Government has adopted it for the protection of Naval Vessels and Army Posts.

Send for descriptive circular to

J. S. SCHOONMAKER,
165 FIRST AVENUE, or
GEO. H. STEVES & CO.,
75 WATER STREET.

JULY AND AUGUST STYLES.
STRAW, FELT AND GOSSAMER
HATS,
Newest Styles,
Largest Stock,
LOWEST PRICES,
AT
R. H. PALMER'S HAT HOUSE,
149 and 151 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH.

GET THE BEST
Howe Standard Scales
Warehouse and Mill Trucks.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST OPENED
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
A LARGE STOCK OF NEW
DRESS GOODS,
Brocaded Poplins,
Striped Repp Poplins,
Colored Striped Poplins,
Colored Brocche Satines.
Beautiful Plaids,
For Ladies', Misses' and Children's wear.
Black Silks,
Colored Silks,
Striped Silks,
Dark Japanese Silks.
NEW DARK PRINTS
Beautiful styles—very cheap.
BLACK AND COLORED
Velveteens and Silk Velvets,
At the lowest prices, wholesale and retail, at
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
Federal St., Allegheny.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HORNE & CO.,
MARKET ST.,
INVITE THE
Attention of the Trade
To their Extensive Line of
AUTUMN GOODS,
Now Open.
Felt Skirts,
Repellants,
Barred Flannels
Merino and Wool Hosiery,
Shaker Socks,
Childs' Fancy Wool Hose,
Merino Underwear,
Negligee Shirts,
Morrison's Star Shirts,
Gents Nook Wear.
Suspenders,
Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Bustles,
Embroideries,
Laces, Lace Goods,
Handkerchiefs,
Leather Belts,
Colored and Black Velveteens,
Staple Notions of all kinds.
MILLINERY GOODS,
Hats, Bonnets,
Flowers,
Ribbons,
All the new shades in Gro Grain,
Watered and Shaded,
Sash and Bow Ribbons,
Colored and Black Bonnet Velvets,
Turquoise Rips,
Ostrich Tips,
Ostrich Plumes,
Willow Plumes,
Wings, Aigretts, Pon Pons,
Jet Ornaments,
Crapes, Satins and
Bonnet Silks.
Buyers will find it to their advantage to call and examine.
Lowest Eastern Prices.
MILLINERY GOODS
NEW STYLES
NOW OPEN AT
HORNE & CO.'S,
Penn Street Stores.
Gros Grain and Taffetta Ribbons
In all the new Neutral Tints for Bonnets and Trimmings.
BLACK SILK VELVETS,
COLORED SILK VELVETS,
In all qualities and shades.
Corded Satins and Turquoise,
Plain and Plaid Sash Ribbons,
Neck Dressings, newest styles.
LADIES' HATS and BONNETS
Early Fall Styles now in. All new novelties during the season will be received as soon as out.
Fine Ostrich Plumes and Tips,
Fancy Feathers, Wing Pom-Pons, &c.
In an endless variety of style and shade.
Fine French Flowers, Thread, Brussels, and Spanish Nett. Also,
TRIMMING LACES
In Silk, Spanish, French, and English Thread, &c.
NEW GOODS
Arriving every day at
Horne & Co's,
197 and 199 Penn Avenue.
The Anderson Sash BALANCE.
Has been in successful operation for over 5 years. Has, in every case, when properly fitted to the windows, given general satisfaction. It completely does away with the old style of cords and weights; has none of the vexatious annoyances of that old plan; does not get out of order, and, if properly used, will last for years and work satisfactorily as long as the

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

POPULAR PRICES
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
AT 50 CENTS.
BLACK MOHAIR,
Double Faced—a great bargain.
AT 6¼ CENTS.
Fast Col'd Prints,
A large assortment—best quality—slightly imperfected.
Bleached Cottons,
At prices to correspond with
RECENT DECLINE,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
Federal St. Alleghenv.
THE GREAT
Dress Goods House.
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
172 and 174
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
GRAND STOCK NEW
DRESS GOODS.
Irish Poplins,
Choicest colors, pure silk, and now nearly one-half former prices.
JAP. POPLINS,
New styles, beautiful designs, very cheap.
FRENCH MERINOS.
WOOL SATTEENS.
OTHER DRESS GOODS
GREAT VARIETY.
Wholesale and Retail.
Seasonable Goods
AT
BOGGS & BUHL'S.
NEW.
One Case Japanese Cloths.
Most handsome styles and lowest prices ever shown.
An examination of our 50 and 75 cent
BLACK ALPACAS
Will convince any intending purchaser of the superior value we offer.
A GREAT BARGAIN IN
Extra Wide Thibet Merinos,
AT $1.12 WORTH $1.40.
In the new fashionable shades of cloth colors.
SUPERIOR BARGAINS IN
BLACK SILKS
At $1.87½, $2.00, $2.25 and $2.50.
Extra value in Fine Black Silks from $3 to $4.
New Dress Goods Daily.
New Felt Skirts.
BOGGS & BUHL,
128 Federal St., Allegheny.
B. S. KOLL & CO.,
147 Wood St., bet. 5th and 6th Aves.
Manufacturers of
Koll's Patent Improved Wrought and
CAST IRON FURNACES,
METROPOLIS.

For Heating Public and Private Buildings
Requires Attention but once in 24 Hours.
Is economical in fuel, and with Weldon's Patent Steam Injector produces a moist, healthy atmosphere; also, manufacturers of Koll's Pat. ENTERPRISE FAMILY COOKING RANGE, and wrought and cast iron Ranges, Steam Table, Carving Tables, Coffee Urns, Broilers, Waffle and Laundry Stoves, &c., for Hotels, Restaurants, &c. se2;3-TTh&S

DRY GOODS!
A full line of
BLACK ALPACAS,
BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,
Shawls and Dress Goods,
At greatly reduced prices at
H. J. LYNCH'S
No. 96 Market Street.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—NOTICE IS hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned (and Anthony Rei[illegible]), under the firm name of REICHENBACH & CO., No. 104 Market street, was dissolved on the 5th inst. by mutual consent. All debts due the firm are to be collected by Mr. Reichenbach, who is alone authorized to receipt for the same, and all claims against the firm will be presented to him for payment. Mr. Reichenbach will continue the business at the old stand, No. 104 Market street, where he will be pleased to see the old customers of the firm, and as many new ones as may favor him with their patronage. Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of the same. Respectfully, ANTHONY REICHENBACH, JOHN REICHENBACH. Pittsburgh, Sept. 5, 1872.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of REICHENBACH & CO., No. 104 Market street, was dissolved on the 5th inst. by mutual consent. All debts due the firm are to be collected by Mr. Reichenbach, who is alone authorized to receipt for the same, and all claims against the firm will be presented to him for payment. Mr. Reichenbach will continue the business at the old stand, No. 104 Market street, where he will be pleased to see the old customers of the firm, and as many new ones as may favor him with their patronage. Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of the same. Respectfully, ANTHONY REICHENBACH, JOHN REICHENBACH. Pittsburgh, Sept. 5, 1872.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A COMPLETE STOCK
OF
NEW GOODS
SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
A large stock all grades of
Shirting Flannels,
Plain Flannels,
Barred Flannels,
White and Gray Flannels.
Comforts, Quilts, Coverlets,
Cassimeres, Jeans,
Waterproof Cloths,
New Fall Shawls.
New Hats and Bonnets,
New Ribbons, Flowers and Plumes,
New Silk Scarfs,
New Lace Collars—Black and White,
New Underwear, Hosiery and Gloves.
All departments complete with
LATEST NOVELTIES,
At the lowest prices, wholesale and retail,
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
Federal St., Allegheny.
NEW GOODS
FRESH ARRIVAL.
MOOREHOUSE & CARSTEN,
Cor. Fourth Ave. and Market St.
BLACK SILKS
New Striped Poplins,
BROCADE SILKS,
Sattienes in New Shades,
FRENCH DIAGONILS,
Brocade Mohairs,
ALPACA LUSTRES,
VELVETS, PLUSH,
Shawls and Scarfs.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
In Great Variety at Very Low Prices.
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c
HOUSE CLEANING
Develops the need of new
CARPETS,
Oil Cloths, Mattings,
WINDOW SHADES, &c.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.
ARE DAILY OPENING THE
Largest Stock and Finest Selectio
Of all grade goods ever shown in this market.
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c.
fitted and laid in a skillful manner.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,
23 Fifth Avenue.

CARPETS.
BARGAINS
For a Short Time.
We are Remodeling our Rooms and adding to them the First Floor. While we are making this change we will
Offer Our Goods Very Low.
These pre'ering substantial bargains to modern styles, will save money by examining our stock.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 Fifth Avenue.

CARPETS.
I HAVE NOW IN STORE
All New Styles
Willons,
Axminsters,
Velvets,
Brussels,
Tapestries,
English and American
Oil Cloths,
Linoleum,
Matting and Mats.
HENRY M'CALLUM,
51 Fifth Avenue,
ABOVE WOOD STREET.

DR. WHITTIER,
No. 206 PENN STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa
A regular graduate of Medicine, as his Diploma at office will show, has been a close student and treatment of Venereal, Sexual and Private

FINANCIAL.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,

BANKERS,

Buy and sell all kinds of

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

COIN, SILVER AND COUPONS,

On Most Favorable Terms.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money Loans on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

TRADESMENS NAT'L BANK,

Wood Street, cor. Second Ave.

Capital, - - $400,000

Accounts of Banks, Merchants and Individuals solicited.

Interest allowed on time deposits. We promise careful attention to all business entrusted to our care.

A. BRADLEY, President,

WM. VANKIRK, Vice President,

CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier,

and

Ira B. McVay & Co.,

BANKERS.

We Offer For Sale, Free from All Taxes,

Mount Oliver Inclined Plane Company's First Mortgage 6's at 90 and Interest.

Birmingham Market House First Mortgage 6's at par and Interest.

Pittsburgh and Grumley Passenger Railroad Co.'s First Mortgage 7's at 90 and Interest.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

BANKERS,

Cor. Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

Shoe and Leather

SAVINGS BANK,

No. 14 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, - - - $200,000.

GEO. H. ANDERSON, D. B. DAVIDSON, M. W. RANKIN, JOHN P. SCOTT, J. H. BORLAND, W. H. BROWN, G. FOLLANSBEE, J. S. REYMER, R. H. PALMER, JR.

GEO. H. ANDERSON, President.

JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits of $1 and upward received.

Deposits received and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

jy29 v2n

Third National Bank

OF PITTSBURGH,

Corner of Wood Street and Virgin Alley.

CAPITAL PAID IN.....$ 500,000.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....1,000,000.

Collections made on all accessible places in the United States and Canadas. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers and others solicited. Prompt attention given to all business of correspondents.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. E. Schmertz, Thomas Metcalf, George McGrew, L. McClintock, Percy Kelly, J. K. Kerr, Thomas M. Gallagher, Henry Dalmeyer, Augt. Kiebler,

W. E. SCHMERTZ, President.
WM. STEINMEYER, Cashier.

GEO. B. HILL..... C. HANSON LOVE..... JAS. N. HILL.

Geo. B. Hill & Co.,

Bankers and Brokers,

NO. 48 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Buy and sell on commission all kinds of

STOCKS, BONDS, MORTGAGES,

Government Securities,

NEGOTIABLE PAPER, &c.

Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on time deposits. se13

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, September 16, 1872.

The bright and bracing weather to-day, with the shrill and piercing music of the Pittsburgh and other bands accompanying the delegations who are coming in to attend the Soldiers' Convention, had quite a soothing effect upon the moneyed men of the city, causing them to keep in a good humor and stretch out their lines as far as prudence and a just care for the future would allow them to do. Money was worth looking after to-day, but the banks found ways and means to take care of those having claims upon them, and therefore the amount of paper that got upon the street was but small, and in most cases was taken by private bankers at rates ranging from 9 to 12 per cent. The holiday appearance presented by the houses on the principal streets of the city would indicate that for the next two days at least the business in many circles will be much prescribed, and only that which is imperatively necessary will be attended to. The Soldiers' Convention claims the almost exclusive attention of the people of Pittsburgh and environs, and from now on until the Presidential election the public mind will be to a large extent occupied by political excitement, and financial as well as other matters will attract but little attention until the elections are over, and but few new schemes or undertakings for the present will be allowed to interfere with what to many is considered a more important matter—that of stocks for the next three or four years; hence it would not be presuming to say that the demand for money during the next sixty days, if it does not fall off, will not very likely increase, and for this reason if the premises taken are right, the manufacturers and merchants of the city should not curtail their operations under the apprehension that there can be any great pinching in money matters. The Baltimore failures, already noticed by this paper, have had no perceptible effect in producing frigat or stringency. The fact that men who are hungry and must be supplied with money at any price going under very often has the effect of bringing ease instead of scarcity. They bring out of the market, holders of capital are forced to make concessions, or suffer their funds to go wi hout employment.

In local securities the sale of $5,000 Allegheny V. R. R. 7-30 bonds in Philadelphia at 94 to-day has been reported. Inquiry for M. & M. National bank stock is made; 71 is offered and 72 asked. The sales of real estate continue active, a large sale of which was made to-day.

Geo. B. Hill & Co., bankers and brokers, No. 48 Fourth Avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from their latest advice by telegraph:

	Monday.
Gold	113¾
Bonds—1881	11 ¾
" " (coupons)	116 ¼
5-20s—1862	114
" 1864	114
" 1865	114¾
" 1865 new	113¾
" 1867	113¾
" 1868	113¾
10-40s	108
" (coupons)	108
Currency 6's	112½

RAILWAYS.

New York Central	98¾
Erie	49¼
Michigan Southern	88½
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	89¾
Rock Island	110¾
North Western common	72¾
North Western preferred	83¾
Ohio & Mississippi	37¾
Union Pacific	70¾
Western Union Telegraph	89¾
Adams Express	68½
American Express	71¾
Pacific Mail	

Messrs. Gilbough, Bond & Co., bankers and brokers and members of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, furnish the following quotations of the prices to-day of the most active stocks:

Penna. Central	57¾
Reading R. R	56⅝
United Co's. New Jersey	126
Oil Creek & Alleg'y R. R.	35⅝
Lehigh Valley R. R.	59⅝
Philadelphia & Erie	26½
Lehigh Navigation	58¼
Pittsburgh City 6's	74½
A. V. R. R. 7 30's	47¾
Central Transportation	

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY September 16, 1872.

Trade in general merchandize was very light to-day and during the next two days it will be almost suspended, as our people will nearly all be absorbed in the Sailor's and Soldier's Convention, and will look upon business as a secondary consideration.

It is selling readily at 23@25 cts.; fancy brands 1 to 2 cts more. Eggs steady at 25 cts.

Fruits of all kinds are also in better demand, but prices are firmer though unchanged. Apples $1.50@2.25 per bbl. Peaches $1.50@2.50 per box. Plums $3.50@4.50 per bushel. Grapes 3@5 cts. per lb.

Flour is steady with a good local trade, but there is no change in prices; Spring Wheat $ 8@8.25 for fair to good and $8.50 for choice Minnesotas; red winter wheat $8.25@8.50. Rye Flour is $5.50.

There is a fair business in grain, but the market is quiet and devoid of any new or important characteristics. Wheat is quoted steady at $1.65@1.70 for fair to prime red; $1.75 for amber, and $1.80 for prime white. Oats in good demand and firm but unchanged; 38@42 for new, as to quality; and 44@45 for old. Shelled Corn quiet; last sales reported were at 57@58. Rye, nominal at 80@85; Barley, ditto; 90@95 for prime western spring. There is no Ohio or Pennsylvania Barley offering, as yet, and as noted in our last report, the yield in these States this year was light.

Baled Hay is coming in pretty freely but the supply is scarcely equal to the demand, and prices are if anything, a shade higher, ranging from $28@32, as to quality.

There is a continued fair demand for Timothy Seed and we continue to quote at $4@4.25. Flax Seed is scarce and wanted $1.40.

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

ALLEGHENY STOCK YARDS, MONDAY September 16, 1872.

Haden & C., McCoy's Station		1 car
C. Shomaker,	Bridgeport	1 "
J. K. Baines,	"	1 "
J Shepard	"	1 "
J McCreary	Bellaire	1 "
R Grimth	"	1 "
Thos. Blackstone	"	1 "
W Blackstone	"	1 "
S Hathaway	"	2 "
S Fordyce	"	2 "
W Thompson	"	2 "
W Williams	"	1 "
W Armstrong	"	1 "
Greenwald & K	Crestline	1 "
Marks Bro.	Chicago	3 "
M Varner	"	1 "
Kaus & S	"	1 "
Greenwald & K	Up. Sandusky	2 "
P M Snyder	Orville	1 "
S Rothchilds	Louvinille	1 "
J Bennett	Indianapolis	1 "
A Gatchaits	Canton	1 "
A Campbell	Indianapolis	2 "
J Needy	Newark	1 "
Joshua Holmes	E Liberty	1 "
Total		31

The supply on sale to-day was unusually heavy footing up to about 1025 head, in addition to the 31 cars of western cattle. There whre as near as we could learn, 467 driven in from the adjoining country—mainly from Washington and Green counties. However, notwithstanding the increased offerings trade opened up fair and continued moderately active all the way through; the butchers generally bought liberally, in anticipation of a largely increased demand for beef this week and their expectations will no doubt be realized, as there will be an immense number of people here during the next two or three days in attendance on the Soldiers and Sailors Convention; then, again, the weather having turned cooler was not without its effect on the market as the retail trade is always better than when it is warm and sultry, as was the case until within the past few days. In regard to prices, however, we do not think there was any change, one way or the other, as compared with the week preceding; the average quality was again common and the supply of really prime butcher stock was scarcely equal to the demand; however, all the different grades sold more readily than for some weeks past, but prices ruled low for the lower grades, as there was a very full supply of these particular kinds on sale. Prime to choice cattle averaging 1:300@1,400, fat and smooth, may be fairly quothd at 6¾@7¼; medium to good, 6@6¾; fair, 5@5¾. Bulls of which, while the supply was small it was fully equal to the demand, may be quoted at 2¼@2¾. Old Cows and rough Stags, with plenty of bone and little or no flesh 3@4 cts. Following is a detailed report of nearly all the sales to-day.

CATTLE.

Hazlewood & Black sold 17 from Washington county, and 43 from Ohio, all on commission, at 4@5¼c.

Carr & McAllister report 80 head of mixed stock at 4¾@5¾.

Holmes, Lafferty & Co., two loads of Cherokees and one car from Ohio at 4@5¼c.

James Hamlin, 37 head of Washington county steers and heifers at 4@5c.

Sodier & Co. sold 100 head of mixed Guernsey county, Ohio, stock at 4@5¾c.

L. Schanburg sold 32 fine Ohio, on commission at 4@5¾c.

Jacob Voegely sold two loads of good to prime butcher stock at 5¼@6¾c.

S. Marks Bro. sold three loads from Chicago, and one car from Ohio at 4¼@7¼c.

S. Lowensteine had scme 57 from Greene county at 2¾@3c.

Holmes & Hunter sold 34 mixed Ohio stock at 4@6c.

W. Kraus & Son sold 25 butcher stock at 5¼@7¼c.

Wm. Moonshine sold 25 of Greene county stock at 3¼@6¼c.

LAMBS AND SHEEP.

The supply was fair, something over 1,600, but with an increased demand; the market was more active and stronger and prices as compared with last week, ruled higher, especially for the better grades. Lambs sold readily at full prices say $2@$3 for common to fair and $4 @5 for prime to extra; some dealers quoted prices up 50 cts. per head, others thought the advance was still greater, and all conceded that the market was better than it has been for some weeks. Sheep also were in good demand, sold quick at full prices, say 4@6c. per lb. according to quality.

J. A. McMarlin sold 90 head mixed Butler county stock at $2 to $4.50.

Humes & Boyer sold 154 from Beaver county sheep at 4¼@6c per pound.

Shettemantle & Fliuner report 195 Butler county sheep and lambs, at $2.50@4.50 for latter and $3 to $5 for former.

John Beeler sold 20 sheep at an average of $4.70 lambs at $2.50@5.00.

James Howard sold 100 Beaver county sheep at an average of $5 per head; 33 lambs at $2.50 @2.75.

Adam Eckert sold 108 Butler county lambs at $2@4.

John J. Neeley sold 70 lambs at $2@4 per head.

Wm. Adams, of Allegheny county, sold about 100 good to prime sheep at $5.50@6.

McCullough & Montgomery, of Armstrong county, sold 100 lambs at $2.50@4.

Keefer & Ackerman report 165 from Washington and Greene counties; sold sheep at $2@3.50; lambs at $1.25@3.

Wm. Gallagher, of Ohio, sold 49 sheep at $4 per head to 6c per lb; 34 lambs at $3 per head.

James Shaw sold 545 lambs at $2.75@3; and sheep at $3@4.

Fairley & Neeley sold 110 at $1.75@3.75.

Greenwald & Kahn report 94 head sold 2 loads to Geneva was from 5¾@6¼; balance consisted of skippers and run from 4¾@5¾.

Sheltemantle & Fliuner sold 15 head of fair to good Butler county steers at 4@5¼.

H. Nagle sold 6 common Butler county heifers and steers at an average of $3.80.

Sol. Trauman sold one car fair to good butcher from Chicago at 5 to 6½; one car common, from Ohio at 4@5.

L. Rothchilds sold 34 head of mixed Green Co. stock at 5@6 cents.

Hegler & Lobman sold 6 common to prime Washington county stock at 4½@7 cents.

Peter Hartman sold 53 from Greene county, mostly common, at 4-60@5.10.

M. Varner reports 78 mixed Greene county stock at 3 to 5¼; 17 from Chicago at 5¼ to 7 cents.

Sol. Lowenstial sold 17 head of Washington county steers and heifers at 4@5¼.

Orr, Williams & Co., one car common Missouri steers at 4@5 cents.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R., September 15.—1 car ice, Chaul Lake Ice Co.; 2 do lumber, T D Hill; 52 do coal, S M Kier; 42 do do, Armstrong D & Co; 24 do do, Sable Coal Co; 41 bdls hides, J Callery & Co; 1 car metal, Brown & Co; 1 box shoulders, Schomaker & Co; 1 car junk, R J Radcliff; 1 box h ware, M E Cochran; 248 bars iron, 17 box s steel, Anderson & W; 7 bales hops, M Straub & Co; 3 do do, J Gangwich; 1 box d goods, J Horne & Co; 1 do do, Horne & S; 8 bls hops, J White Jr; 6 bxs cheese, Luebbe & B; 24 bxs yeast, Haworth & D; 24 do do, Carson Bros; 1 box mdse S K McKnight; 10 s machines, J H Lippencott; 3 bbls hops, Everhart S Co; 4 bxs h ware, Whitmore W D & Co; 705 kegs powder, A Kirk.

ALLEGHENY STATION, September 16.—500 pgs lead, Armstrong F & Co; 26 bales cotton, Eagle Cotton Mills, 1 car lumber, J McBriar; lot furniture, Gans & L; do do, B Zinklad; 50 bls cotton, Holmes B & Co; 1 car lumber, Reed Bro; 2 do do, J H Morrison; 1 do do, Simpson & S; 1 do do, W Anshutz; 1 car wheat, Gilmore & Co; 1 do hay, R Knox & Son; 1 do seed, Thompson & L; 17 bgs feed, M Steel & Son; 24 do potatoes, W McCall & Co; 1 do lime, Sh lun; 1 car Hamilton L & Co. 3 do staves, J M Hemphill; 1 do lumber, A C Taggart; 121 hides, J Callery & Co; 1 car shingles, A Patterson; 1 do lumber, C Wolf; 28 sks flour, T Ward; 1 car lime, J Hippley; 4 bdls flannels, Boggs & B; 8 bbls tallow, 39 hides, J Stuckrath & Son; 1 car f seed, M B Snydam; 100 bbls flour, R Knox & Son; 1 box mdse, A W Erwin & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD CO. September 16.—4 car lime, T P Henderson; 1 do do, W F Richardson; 1 do lumb, Heath & S; 11 cider mills, Scoble B & S; 1 pump, Bailey H & Co; 136 bbls paper, H R McClellan; 10 crates grapes, W Steel & Co; 76 bbls flour, D Wallace, 1 car oats, W G Miller; 1 do oats, S B Floyd & Co; 5 crates grapes, W Burch; 4 casks cheese, J A Graff; 19 bbls apples, 1 do eggs, Voigt M & Co; 12 bbls apples, Vangordon & S; 10 do do, Woodworth & D; 2 cars oats, R Knox & son; 2 cars p clay, Park Bros & Co; 17 casks lanterns, J P Smith; 1 car chairs, A Neeld; 7 pkgs eggs, Head C & Co; 200 sks flour, Watt, Lang & Co.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R., September 15.—1 car barley, W J Meek; 12 pkgs liquor, S Kimderling; 9 do do, Weiler Bro; 10 bbls spirits, 4 do whisky, J P Dalton; 5 bls hops, J White Jr. 12 bxs chimnies, E Dithridge; 5 bbls alcohol, B L Fahnestock; ¼ do lard, W B Hays & Son; do do, 15 cases do, Reese Owens; 25 bbls h wines, Miller F & Co, 200 bbls flour, 400 sks do, F W Jenkins & Bro; 100 bbls do, Watt L & Co; 1 car middlings, Schnelback & H; 9 cases handles, Whitmore W S & Co; 6 do do, J Woodwell & Co; 1 car pipe, G McMillen; 20 bbls apples, Morrison & C; 12 do do, Wm Rea Jr; 200 s bbls, Duncan & T. 180 sks oats, C Graham; 1 car shingles, S Duff. 1 do flour, T A Jenkins; 135 bs cheese, N J Braden; 20 bbls whisky, Milligan H & Co; 1 car hay, Scott & G; 190 sks barley, McBane & A.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI, AND ST. LOUIS R. R. September 15.—1 car wheat, Marshall K & Co; 1 do bulk wheat, 1 do corn, Hitchcock McC & Co; 1 do hay, G H Anderson; 1 bdls paper, McElroy & Co; 200 bbls flour, F W Jenkins & Bro; 255 sks oats, W Welsh & Co, 15 tubs tobacco, Dilworth Bros; 10 bbls copperas, R E Selzer & Co; 5 kgs screws, Asa Wood & Son; 1 bbl butts tobacco, Atwell & L; 26 bbls clay, T Coffin; 1 keg vinegar, P Duff & Son; 1 bbl g ware, Richards & H; 2 kgs a butter, 2 bxs bacon, E Moye & Co; 62 bbls wine, Braun & Co.

RIVER NEWS.

—The D. L. Talley, from Grand Ecore, Red river, carried 350 bales of cotton into New Orleans last Saturday. The St. John carried in 26 bales, and the Fontenelle 18 bales, all new. The Jackson railroad took in 120 bales, the Texas road 56 bales cotton, and the Mobile road 352 bales, nearly all of the new crop. All of the new crop offered on the market was taken readily at a slight advance.

—As the Thos. W. Means was passing under the Newport Bridge Thursday evening, and while endeavoring to avoid the flatboats, she struck one of her barges amidship, in the coffer dam, which broke a couple of timbers and caused it to leak. After temporary repairs had been made, the Means and tow proceeded to Louisville.

—The Lookout was launched a few days ago at New Liberty, Ill., and is designed for the Duck river, Tenn., trade, to connect at the Mouth of Duck river with the Evansville and Tennessee River Packet Company. She will be navigated by James A. Lodwick, Wash. Phillips, Ed. Wheeler, Jr., and Jeff. Gilman. She will be ready for business in a few days.

—McCoy's wharfboat is prevented from getting close to the wharf at Cincinnati, owing to the wrecks of the steamers burnt there recently. The R. W. Skillinger was the first boat to land against it, and Capt. McCoy celebrated the event by breaking a bottle of wine over the bow of the steamer.

—The low levee lands of Pike County, Ills. are to be made available for agricultural purposes by an embankment along the Mississippi river line that will prevent the flooding of same. Work is to be commenced next Monday and five miles of levee is to be finished by November 27th The improvement will be called the Sry Levee.

—Captains John S. McCune and Thos. B. Rhodes, of the Keokuk and Northern Line Packet Companies, are on a tour of inspection between St. Louis and St. Paul.

—The Louisville Commercial says: Capt. Fink Varble, who chartered the Robert Burns and Champion for service during the Peace Reunion has lost money by the operation.

Proposed Amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, that the following amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to-wit:

Amendment: Strike out the sixth section of the sixth article of the Constitution, and insert in lieu thereof the following: "A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law."

WILLIAM ELLIOTT,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAMES S. RUTAN,
Speaker of the Senate.

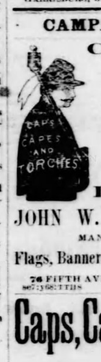
Approved the twenty-second day of March, Anno Dominil, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two. JOHN W. GEARY.

Prepared and certified for publication pursuant to the tenth article of the Constitution.

FRANCIS JORDAN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Office Secretary of the Commonwealth,
HARRISBURG, June 26, 1872.

CAMPAIGN GOODS.



Caps, Capes, Torches, Flags, Lanterns, &c.,

JOHN W. PITTOCK & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Flags, Banners & Campaign Equipments,

76 FIFTH AVENUE, Opposite Postoffice.

Caps, Capes, Torches

AND

LEGGINS,

MANUFACTURED AT

WILT'S UPHOLSTERY,

92 Third Avenue.

PRICE LIST:

Red, Gold or Silver Bronzed Caps and Capes, complete, $150 per hundred.

Caps and Capes complete, any other colors, $125 per hundred.

Torches from $20 to $50 per hundred.

Leggins, $50 per hundred.

Special rates on large orders. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Presidential Campaign

CAPS,

Capes, Flags and Torches

Send for Illustrated Circulars and Price Lists.

E. EDMUNDSON & SONS

Manufacturers,

55 Market St., Pittsburgh, Pa

POLITICAL GOODS

OF ALL KINDS.

FIREWORKS, TORCHES. FLAGS, BADGES, BANNERS. LANTERNS, UNIFORMS, &c.

JOSEPH H. PURDY,

32 and 34 Malden Lane,

Established 1843. New York.

EDUCATIONAL.

PROF. THOMPSON'S INSTITUTE will resume its sessions on Tuesday, September 3d, in the spacious rooms on 3d floor, over the Book of Music stores, or address Principal, or call at Rooms, between the hours of 10 A. M., and 3 P. M. JAMES THOMPSON,

Principal.

KENWOOD BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

The Fall Session of the Eighteenth year begins September 19. Thorough instruction, healthy and healthfulness of location, new apparatus, excellent library and unusual advantages characterize the School. For catalogue address CHAS. JACOBUS,

Principal.

PITTSBURGH

White Lead and Color Works,

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,

PROPRIETORS.

Manufacturers of White Lead, Red Lead, Blue Lead, Zincs, Litharge, Putty, and all colors, dry and in oil.

OFFICE AND FACTORY—460, 462, 464, 466 and 468, REBECCA STREET.

We call the attention to the guarantee posted on our strictly Pure White Lead, and when we say a pure "Carbonate of Lead" we mean "Chemically Pure"; that is, free from Acetate and Hydrate, and therefore is whiter and superior both in color and covering property. Guaranteed to be a Purer Carbonate of Lead and whiter than any in the market, and forfeit the price of the package if containing the least adulteration.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, September 16, 1872.

Crude continues dull and weak, and may be quoted nominally at $1.46@3.67½ per bbl. at Parker, which is about 5½ cents per gallon delivered here. It is not a little remarkable that, notwithstanding producers have been making strong efforts to diminish production for some weeks past, yet in the face of this, if the Titusville reports are correct, there was an increase in August of over 400 bbls. per day. This is not very encouraging for producers, as it will tend, in the present state of affairs, to depress the market, and an improvement in prices. There was nothing done in refined, and we are without quotations. Oil barrels are still quoted at $1.85 for country, and $1.95 for city.

REFINED OIL SHIPPED EAST VIA. A. V. R. R.

Central Rfg. Co., 2097 bbls to Logan Bros., & Co., Philadelphia.

Wormser, Myers & Co., 50 bbls to Lochiel Rolling Mills, Harrisburg.

Central Ref. Co. 59 bbls to Carson, C & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co., 315 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Citizens' Oil Co., 361 bbls to Tack Bros & Co., Philadelphia.

Vesta Oil Works 50 bbls to Waring King & Co., Philadelphia.

Braun & W 350 bbls to Waring King & Co., Philadelphia.

L. Irvin & Co., 313 bbls, to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total.....3446

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL.

Commercial O W. acct. Jennings		80
Star O W, acct. H. McKelvy		160
American O W, acct. H. McKelvy		74
Peerless O W, acct. N. W. Stevenson		622
Sunbeam O W, acct. W Stewart		80
Oleopilis O W, acct. "		80
Tarentum O W, acct. N W Stevenson		912
Brilliant O W, acct. J. Bushnell		320
Crystal O W, acct. J Bushnell		314
Standard O W, acct. J Bushnell		302
Petrolite O W, acct. P. N W Stevenson		468
Eagle O W, acct. P. Hutchinson		456
Citizens O W, acct. T. King		740
American O W, acct. T. Miller		228
Sunbeam O W, acct. T P Miller		148
Lilly O W, acct. T. P. Miller		589
Total		5553

Receipts Pig Metal, Ore and Steams.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD P. R. R. CO., LESSEE.

Brown & Co	1	Nimick & Co	3
J Keamer	2	Caughey & H	1
Wm. Smith	2	J. Woods, Son, & Co.	2
Total			11

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

J. Moorhead	5	Isabella Furnace	13
Pitts. Bolt Co	2	Wilson G'lass Co	2
Shoenberger & Co	15	Lucy Furnace	1
Total			38

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.

McKnight, P. & Co			23

PENN'A. CENTRAL R. R.

R. Wistar	2	Everson, G. & Co	1
Malin & B	3	G. W. Hallman	1
Caughey & H	4		
Total			11

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS R. R.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HARRIS & EWING,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

No. 341 Liberty St., cor. of 10th,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

HENRY EPPING. W. H. CARPENTER. E. J. WARING.

KEYSTONE STEAM PUMP,

Epping, Carpenter & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS,

Corner Penn and 32d Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN DAVIS,

Wholesale and Retail Manufacturer of

TRUNKS,

Ladies' Satchels, &c.

204 SMITHFIELD ST., near Liberty,

au3:xw13 PITTSBURGH, PA.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

For everything in the way of SCHOOL BOOKS and SCHOOL STATIONERY, call at

R. S. Davis & Co.,

175 Liberty St., near Sixth.

se11:y24

A. H. FRANCISCUS & Co.,

No. 513 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

We have opened for the FALL TRADE, the largest and best assorted Stock of

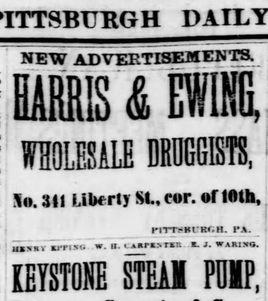
PHILADELPHIA CARPETS,

Table, Stair and Floor Oil Cloths, Window Shades and Papers, Looking Glass Plates, Cords, Tassels, Bindings, Twines, Wicks, Cloths, Looking Glasses, Fancy Baskets, Brooms, Baskets, Rockers, Wooden Ornamental Clothes Wringers, Wooden and Willow Ware in the United States. Our large increase in business enables us to sell at low prices and furnish the best quality of Goods. Orders solicited.

Celebrated American Washer,

PRICE $5.50.

The most perfect and successful Washer ever made. Agents wanted for the AMERICAN WASHER in all parts of the State. se23:3



Wholesale and Retail Manufacturer and Dealer in

TRUNKS,

Traveling Bags, Ladies' Satchels, &c

No. 80 SMITHFIELD STREET,

(Howard Block,) Pittsburgh, Pa.

GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Breech-loading Shot Guns, $45 to $300.

Double Barrel Shot Guns, $8 to $120.

Single Shot Guns, $2 to $25. Revolvers, $6 to $25. Pistols, 75 cents to $6. Caps, Powder, Shot, Wads, Flasks, Belts, Gun Material and Sporting Goods at very low prices. Guns and Pistols Repaired. Call and see our stock, or send stamp for our Illustrated Price List. All orders by mail promptly attended to, and goods sent to any point by Express.

New Establishment.

Marbleized Slate Mantles,

FURNACES,

RANGES, GRATES.

Having fitted up the above STORE for the manufacture and sale of FURNACES, RANGES, GRATES and MARBLEIZED MANTLES, I would respectfully call the attention of Architects, Builders, Churches, School Committees and the public in general, to our stock of goods, consisting of

MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTLES,

which are six times as strong as marble, will not stain or discolor by gas, smoke, oil or acids

I am now manufacturing and offer for sale the most desirable patterns and best finished Mantles everoffered in this market.

COOKING RANGES

Of the most popular and desirable patterns.

Old's Utility Fire Grate,

The most powerful heating grate in use, burning the gas and smoke, and saving from forty to fifty per cent. of fuel.

The New Cone Furnace,

which has a large amount of radiating surface, and for simplicity of construction, ease of management, economy in fuel and durability, will commend itself to all who will examine it. It will heat your building with one-third less coal than any furnace now in use. The BEST FURNACES for Coke, Bituminous and Anthracite Coal.

We solicit a liberal share of public patronage. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.

JAMES OLD,

No. 193 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

TIN CAN MANUFACTORY.

Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers of

Miller's Screw Can,

Patented March, 1868.

The best and cheapest Fruit Can ever invented. Requires no sealing wax. This Can is also extensively used for Color, White Lead, &c. Send for sample. All other kinds of Tin Cans made. All orders filled on short notice.

D. MILLER & CO.,

109 and 111 Sandusky St., Allegheny.

au31:35

Akron Sewer Pipe Co.

OFFICE, WAREHOUSE AND YARD:

Cor. Penn Ave. and Tenth St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA., AND

65 and 67 Sandusky St., Allegheny City, Pa.,

Manufacture Highly Vitrified

WATER AND SEWER PIPE,

both Ring and Socket, from 4 to 24 inch caliber, with Elbows, Branches, Curves, Stands and Traps for each size. Also, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Flue, Chimney Tops, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Grate and Boiler Tile, Lawn Vases, Hydraulic Cement, &c.

C. G. McMILLEN,

MANUFACTURERS' AGENT.

Send or call for Price List. se31

FIRE CLAY

Water Pipes,

CHIMNEY FLUES

AND

Chimney Tops.

HENRY H. COLLINS,

Terms Cash. 122 SECOND AVENUE

Florida or North Carolina

CEDAR.

It sells in Liverpool market for 4 cents per superficial foot more than the Red Cedar. Call and examine it at the Yard and Office, corner of Fourth avenue and Ross street. Office hours from 9½ to 12 A. M. and 1 to 4 P. M. For further information enquire of WARING & KING, Duquesne Way, or of W. H. EVERSON, No. 92 Fourth avenue. au31:35

LOOKING GLASSES

Pickersgill, Lyons & Co.,

No. 141 WOOD STREET,

invite the attention of the public to their large assortment of LOOKING GLASSES and PICTURE FRAMES, embracing many new styles. Also, American, German and French Chromos, which we offer at reasonable prices.

FINE MANTLE AND PIER GLASSES a specialty. jy14:y2n-TTSS

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DR. A. SLEE, No. 264 PENN STREET.—Longer in the practice of Special and Chronic Diseases than any physician in the city so advertising. All forms of venereal diseases cured in the most thorough and scientific manner. Spermatorrhœa or nervous debility, producing blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, loss in the head, indigestion, despondency, confusion of ideas, loss of memory, and which shuts the victim for business or marriage, and entirely unfits for the duties of life and insanity, are permanently cured.

Long standing constitutional diseases skillfully treated, and the effects of mercury completely eradicated.

The Doctor gives particular attention to female complaints. Sterility, Abnormal Menstruation, Dysmenorrhœa, and all irregularities giving annoyance and trouble. A medical pamphlet is published in pure language on venereal diseases sent by mail for two stamps. Correspondence strictly confidential. Hours—9 A. M. to 8 P. M., Sundays excepted. Pittsburgh Medical Institute, 276 Penn street. au30:d&w

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Drs. Jordan and Davieson,

Beg to inform their friends, patients and the public generally, that owing to their increase of practice they are compelled, reluctantly, to discontinue their branch office in this city, and in future are to be consulted only at their HEAD OFFICE,

1625 Filbert Street, Philadelphia.

Just published: PRACTICAL OBSERVATIONS ON NERVOUS DEBILITY AND PREMATURE DECAY. Being a Synopsis of Lectures delivered at the great Institute of Anatomy, 907 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, to which is added an important essay on MARRIAGE, the whole illustrated with numerous interesting cases from actual practice. This interesting work will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents, stamps. Address

DRS. JORDON & DAVIESON,
1625 Filbert street, Philadelphia.

All letters will receive immediate attention. Address 1625 FILBERT STREET, Philadelphia. mh29:y90

Speedily Cured.—All Forms

of Venereal, Private and Nervous disease at the old established Girard Medical Institute, No. 172 Second avenue, between Smithfield and Grant streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NO CHARGE UNTIL CURED.

Syphilis, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia and all Urinary diseases are cured in the shortest possible time that will insure permanent relief. Spermatorrhœa or Seminal weakness and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse or excess in mature years, and which produces some of the following effects, as emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory, and sexual power, as which suits fits the victim for business or marriage, and ultimately causing insanity and consumption, are thoroughly and permanently cured. Medicines supplied at the Institute. A medical pamphlet relating to private diseases sent by mail for two stamps. All communications confidential.

This Institute was established for the express purpose of supplying the afflicted with scientific and reliable treatment, and is not to be classed with the numerous quacks and impostors that infest all large cities. The proprietors have made the treatment of Private and special diseases the study of their lives, and can refer to thousands all over the country that have been benefitted and cured by their treatment. No matter how difficult or long standing your case may be, if curable, after a personal examination we will frankly tell you, female complaints, they have cured many cases given up by other physicians.

Patients treated by mail or express, but where possible, it is best to visit the city for personal consultation, or address

GIRARD MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
No. 172 Second avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays by appointment. au14:wsu

PRIVATE DISEASES.—OFFICE 194 PENN STREET, next door to the St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all cases of a private nature in from two to four days, by an entirely

PERSONAL.

MISS MCPIKE, a maiden of eighty-six summers, was married at St. Louis recently to a civilized Lidian aged sixty-seven.

A DAUGHTER of the celebrated Indian chief McIntosh, has been arrested in Georgia for inhumanly whipping the children of her neighbors.

THE antiquity of balloon ascensions is considered as proven by the historical fact that Moses was constantly planning what Aaron ought to do.

MISS JULIA THOMAS, some years ago a conspicuous belle in St. Louis society, has recently taken the black veil at the Convent of the Sacred Heart.

DURING the twenty or thirty years Noah Webster devoted to his dictionary, a copyright of one cent per copy on the sale of his spelling book supported his family.

MISS KELLOGG, while abroad, expended, so it is reported, over $10,000 in gold towards the replenishing of her different wardrobes for the coming operatic season in New York.

A LADY in Kentucky insists that both her legs are paralyzed, although the doctors are unable to discover that anything is the matter with her. She is perfectly sane in all other respects.

CARLOTTA is dying, insane, and they say that the queen of Spain is likely to follow her to the grave, the attempted assassination of her husband producing the same tragic result as the execution of Maximilian.

A LADY wished to have her husband's *life* insured in a Boston office the other day, giving as a reason that she wanted either husband or some money, "she didn't care which." She never expected both at the same time.

THE family of the Hon. Noah Davis has been visited with a second severe affliction. Augusta, the eldest daughter, died in New York last Sunday, aged 24. It is only ten months since another daughter died out of the same family

THE funeral of the late Rev. Samuel J. Browne of Cincinnati, took place on Friday last. Rev. Dr. Monfort, of the Presbyterian Church, conducted the exercises. His features were composed, and conveyed the impression to the casual observer of a man in deep sleep.

THE European monarchs are generally fond of horses, and good ones, too. Queen Victoria's horses are valued at $50,000, King William's at $65,000, Francis Joseph's at $140,000, Victor Emanuel's at $19,000, Czar Alexander's at $65,000, Leopold's of Belgium at $90,000, and the Sultan's at $500,000.

THE Archduke Albert Frederick Rudolph, of Austria, whose death at Vienna, on September 11th, has been announced, was born August 3d, 1817, and was the son of the famous Archduke Charles, the Austrian General who distinguished himself in the wars with Napoleon I, defeating that great strategist at Aspern.

THE Mikado of Japan has returned to Yeddo from his visit to the Southern Provinces of his kingdom, the first ever paid by any ruler. Mindiz Saburs, a recalcitrant against civilization, has written a strong letter to the Mikado predicting that Japan will become a republic, and a dependency of the Western barbarians.

THE new President of Brown University, that able scholar and loved professor, Dr. Robinson, has succeeded in his inaugural address in defining as completely as may be the true aims of an American college in the fewest possible words. The honor-bound boys are likely to "make the best-bred men" under his Presidency.

SERGEANT BATES, who carried the United States flag through the Southern States three or four years ago, has found a daring person in Illinois, who engages $1,000 to $100 that he can carry the starry banner from the Scottish border to the Mayor's hall in London without violence to himself or the flag. The offer is accepted.

M. ERCKMANN of the famous literary firm of Erckmann-Chatrain, has just married Miss Schwartz, a charming Alsacienne of Strasburg. The bridegroom was born at Phalesbourg, Department of the Meurthe, May 29, 1822, and is consequently half a century old. But we suppose he says, with Beau Shatterly, "Hang parish registers! They're confounded impudent impositions, and no authority."

INFORMATION was received at the Interior Department on Friday, by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, of the death at Fort Sill, Indian Territory, on the 9th inst., of Doctor Edward Parrish, of Philadelphia, Special Commissioner of Indian Affairs. Dr. Parrish was only recently appointed Special Commissioner, and was sent to the Indian country to examine into the condition of the Kiowas, Camanches and Sioux Indians.

THE New York *Herald* says of Madame Pauline Lucca: "She is a petite, bright and vivacious lady, fascinating in person and manner, and none of the pictures which have been given of her do her full justice, as in conversation there is an indescribable charm and sprightly vivacity about her that defy the efforts of the best artists to limn. She speaks the English language very fluently with a slight foreign accent that adds to the charm of her voice."

A CONTEMPORARY publishes the following matrimonial statistics: Shakspeare was married at 18; Dante, Franklin and Bulwer, at 24; Kepler, Mozart and Walter Scott, at 26; Washington, Napoleon I, and Byron, at 27; Rosina, the first time by 30, and the second time at 54; Schiller and Weber, at 31; Aristophanes, at 36; Webster, at 37; Talma, at 79; Luther, at 42; Addison, at 44; Young, at 47; Swift, at 49; Buffon, at 55; and Goethe, at 57

A VERITABLE sensation was caused a few weeks ago in France by M. Decaline's communication to the Academy of Medicine, wherein the fact was shown that in France the proportion of births to marriages was unusually low—so low, indeed, that it will be difficult for France ever to find men wherein to "avenge Sedan." In Prussia 100 marriages return 400 children; in France only 300. In Prussia the percentage of births to population is 3.98; in France it is 2.55. In the former the annual excess of births over deaths is 13,300 in every million; in the latter it is only 2,400. According to these statistics it would take the population of France 170 years to double itself; that of Prussia, 42; that of Russia, 60; and that of Great Britain, 52 years.

RIGHT REV. MANTON EASTBURN, D.D., whose death in Boston, on September 12th, has been announced, was born in England, February 9, 1801. At a very early age he came to this country with his parents, who settled in New York city. He graduated at Columbia College, in 1817, and then commenced the study of theology. He was ordained in May, 1822, as a clergyman of the Protestant Episcopal Church officiated as assistant minister of Christ Church, of New York, for five years, and in 1827 became rector of the Church of the Ascension, New York. He held this rectorship until December 29, 1842, when he was consecrated Assistant Bishop of the Diocese of Massachusetts. On the death of Bishop W. Griswold, on February 15, 1843, he became Bishop of the Diocese of Massachusetts, and held this position at the time of his death.

POLITICAL.

GEN. HARTRANFT is making votes every day. The more Mr. Buckalew's record is investigated, by even Democrats the more are they convinced that he is not the man for Governor.

EVEN the Territories declare against Greeley. Colorado, which contains the colony named after him, elects Chaffee, Republican, as Delegate, by an increased majority. It is the same "tidal wave" everywhere.

THE Boston *Globe* says: "We are desired to state that Mr. R. W. Longfellow's name was used without his authority by the so-called Liberal Republicans at Worcester. Mr. Long fellow says: 'I do not vote with that party.'"

A SIMPLE calculation for simpletons.—If it took a *Tribune* reporter only one night to convince all the people in the Grand Hotel of his insanity, how long will it take the editor-in-chief to convince all the people in the Grand Republic?

Mr. Brigham, the President of the New Hampshire Democratic Convention, said in his speech before that body: Horace Greeley is pledged to do, and will do, if elected, *just what the Democracy would require one of their old and tried leaders to do were he elected.*

TAMMANY has left the tax-payers of New York an annual souvenir of a very touching character. The amount to be raised by taxation in that city for the present year is $30,427,523, which is equal to two cents and nine mills on the dollar on the assessed valuation of property.

A CALCULATING machine has just been invented which, by the simple turn of a crank, can be made to multiply, add and subtract the square root. It multiplied correctly 879 by 456 in two minutes. Buckalew thinks of buying one to calculate his chances of success with.

THE Maine Republicans didn't want to hurt Kimball so very badly, so they just buried him under a slight majority of sixteen thousand or a little over—enough to show their good will. But when they came to the Congressional business, how they did go for the crow-eaters!

MR. DANIEL PAGE, aged eighty-seven; his son, D. Jewett Page, aged forty-eight; and grandson, George A. Page, aged twenty-four, all of North Hampton, N. H., voted for Grant at the last election, and will vote for him again this fall. The Republican ticket runs in the family.

EVERYWHERE defeat follows the Greeley Democratic coalition. North Carolina gone, West Virginia gone, Vermont with 25,000 majority, and Maine with 16,000. A contemporary says very truly, that every one who voted for Greeley in New England might as well vote for Daniel Webster or Gen. Jackson.

THE Worcester *Gazette* says: For a good, round, fully-developed ostracy," commend us to the vote taken at the re-union of the Thirty-sixth Massachusetts regiment: Grant, 223; Greeley, 2. The boys in blue know how to vote as well as fight, and will do it at any hour of the day in a "rally round the flag."

THERE are six Democratic papers in Delaware. One opposes Greeley; one refuses to raise his name and advocate his election; one prints his ticket but says no word in its favor, and the only one that has spoken in his behalf is for sale already. Very clearly it is the Vermont and Maine style of enthusiasm the nomination has in Delaware. That resulted in a tremendous Republican gain and victory.

CLTHER, a few years ago, tried hard to be our Governor, but his war record killed him, and poor Buckalew will share the same fate for the same cause. Buckalew is a smooth talker, but all the country knows he was a dyed-in-the wool Copperhead. All the rains of Heaven can not wash him clean nor all his plausibilities induce the people to trust and honor him with the office of Chief Magistrate.

IT is impossible for the Liberals to deny all that is claimed for the current State elections. The scripture of that unfortunate sect since the nominations were made, that the result of the Presidential election would be written in the State elections preceding. And here they come in succession, one by one, to show that Kansas, West Virginia, Vermont and Maine: In the other States, "coming events cast their shadows before," of the same color and kind.

The Cheese Market.

The activity in the cheese markets of the United States and England has been attracting attention. Never before has such general satisfactory and remunerative prices been paid as during this season. Both the make and the export of cheese have been very large and the consumption has been very great. In England, particularly, the prices ruled have been from two to three cents a pound higher than last year, and the high rates have thus agreeably disappointed the hopes of the most sanguine. The cause of the increased consumption is attributed to the improved condition of the working classes of Great Britain, who are now receiving advanced wages, and are therefore enabled to live on good food, and even to obtain luxuries. The working people of England, however, do not consider cheese in the luxury, but as one of the great necessaries of life, and bread and cheese constitute the staple fare of the mechanics and farming laborers.

NEARLY $1,200,000 are invested in beer in Colorado.

HOME NEWS.

Messrs. Editors—Has that "proud emblem of liberty," the flag of our Union, become of such small importance that it must be used as a medium of advertising? or is it the demoralizing tendencies of business that prompt its abasement by the attachment of business cards to it on such occasions as the present?

CITIZEN.

Butchers, Take Notice.

The butchers of Allegheny County who intend to join in the parade at the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention are requested to report themselves in parade dress at the corner of Ohio street and Union avenue, Allegheny, at half past nine o'clock on Wednesday morning, the 18th inst. A general turn out is desired.

J. F. BEILSTEIN, Chief Marshal.

An Omission.

Among the large number of names enrolled of soldiers to attend our Veteran Soldiers' Convention, the name of P. H. Winston is omitted. I would suggest that General Pearson attend to this at once. Winston is humming for political favor in the interest of Greeley & Co., and that he should be ignored from telling some of *his* army reminiscences is not fair, for Winston belonged to "the army" and was a soldier, and fought for the stars and ——. INQUIRER.

Flag Presentation.

Last evening the ladies of the Tenth ward presented the Grant, Wilson and Hartranft club of that ward with a beautiful silk flag. The presentation took place at the residence of Wm. H. McCleary, Esq., on Liberty avenue. Miss Rose A. McCleary presented the flag to the club with an appropriate address, and Wm. C. Moreland, Esq., received it and returned the thanks on behalf of the club. The club adjourned with cheers each for the lady who presented the flag, for Mr. Moreland and for the Republican candidates.

A Bold Robbery.

On Saturday afternoon, while the family of Mr. George Sands, who resides on Marion street, near Locust, was away from home, the house was entered by some daring burglars. When Mr. Sands returned about eight o'clock in the evening, he was much surprised to find the front door bolted on the inside. He then went around to the side of the house and found that one of the windows had been forced open. He then entered the house and found that the rooms and trunks had been ransacked, and the bureaus of their contents, but the thief could not be found. A set of jewelry valued at twenty dollars, was the only article that was missed.

Mortuary Report.

Report of deaths in the city of Pittsburgh, for the week ending September 15, 1872, as reported by Dr. J. Guy McCandless.

Accident 1; asthma 1; cholera infantum 3; convulsions 2; croup 1; congestion of the brain 1; diphtheria 1; debility 1; diarrhœa 1; disease of the heart 1; disease of the liver 1; dropsy of the ovaries 1; dysentery 1; scarlet fever 1; typhoid fever 7; typhus fever 1; inflammation of the brain 2; inflammation of the stomach 2; marasmus 2; measles 1; premature birth 1; rheumatism 1; still births 2. Of the above there were under 1 year 11; from 1 to 2 5; from 2 to 5 4; from 5 to 10 1; from 10 to 15 1; from 15 to 20 1; from 20 to 30 7; from 30 to 40 3; from 40 to 50 4; from 60 to 70 1; from 70 to 80 1; from 80 to 90 1; males 15; females 21; white 36; colored 1; total 36.

The Great Market Street Dry Goods Bazaar.

Such of the countless strangers that crowd our thoroughfares this week as have any shopping to do, should not fail to visit the store of McKee, Murphy & Co., 59 Market street. This enterprising merchants who have grown to be such favorites with city shoppers, have prepared themselves to make a like favorable impression on our thousands of visitors. To their usually very large stock of dry goods of every conceivable quality and variety, they have just added large invoices of new goods, whereby their stock is now complete. Scarcely anything can be named in all the varieties of woolen, cotton, linen, silk, or worsted goods, that will not be found in full assortment in their immense stock, and the firm is quite as much noted for low prices as for large and varied stocks, and there is no place in the city where the busy throng of buyers are more promptly and politely waited upon.

An Extensive Sell.

Yesterday morning some genius of Allegheny who has a weakness for practical jokes, perpetrated a good one on about two hundred people, including the Mayor and all other officials of City Hall. Early in the morning some one left word at the Mayor's office that an unknown man was lying dead at Emmel's Hotel, corner of Ohio and West Diamond streets, and requested the Mayor and other officials to visit and if possible identify the stranger. In compliance with this request, the Mayor, his clerk, the policemen and other officials visited the hotel. As each delegation arrived the proprietor escorted them into a room where the corpse was supposed to be lying. But when the coverings were drawn back the spectators were beheld a bust of Horace Greeley! About two hundred persons were sold in a like manner, and among them were two undertakers who had been called to take charge of the remains, and three Aldermen who had been notified to hold an inquest.

STREET RIOTS.

Action of the Republican County Executive Committee.

The Republican County Executive Committee held a regular meeting in the afternoon at the Lincoln Club rooms, President Gross in the chair.

After the usual preliminary business, Mr. Onslow offered a preamble and resolution in reference to the disturbance on Wylie avenue, in which such affairs were deprecated in the strongest terms, and the members of the Republican marching clubs advised to endeavor, as far as possible, to maintain the peace, and avoid any act that would, in the slightest degree, be likely to bring on a general collision.

The paper was discussed at considerable length by Messrs. Batchelor, Schoyer, Brown, Reese, and others, after which it was amended by striking out a portion and adopting the following resolution:

Resolved, That this committee will cheerfully and heartily co-operate with the city authorities and the Democratic County Executive Committee to preserve order, and assist in maintaining the just rights of *all* citizens, irrespective and independent of political preferences, recognizing most distinctly the equal rights of each party to the enjoyment of all immunities granted to the other.

The meeting then adjourned.

BREVITIES.

....The hearing in the riot case has been postponed until Friday at 2 o'clock, P. M.

....An interesting communication appropriately signed "Humanity" is deferred for want of room.

....Wilkinsburg and Edgewood, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, want to be consolidated with Pittsburgh.

....The Red Men of this city who visited the annual meeting of their order at Nashville, Tennessee, last week, returned home yesterday.

Yesterday morning an elderly German woman, while passing through the Diamond Market, had her pocket-book, containing forty dollars, stolen from her.

....Conductors on the Pennsylvania Railroad are now required to give bonds in the sum of three thousand dollars each for the faithful discharge of their duties.

....Coronor West yesterday received a dispatch to come to Ingram station and hold an inquest upon the body of a man who was killed on the Pan-Handle Railroad, at 12:30 P. M. The inquest will be held this morning.

....F. D. Morris and Thomas Dunn were yesterday arrested on a warrant issued by Justice Barker, of South Pittsburgh, on a charge of printing and circulating obscene literature. John Stemler, who made the information, alleges that Morris printed an obscene poem which Dunn circulated on the streets.

....Coronor West yesterday held an inquest upon the body of Thomas Whalen, who died about two o'clock yesterday morning from the effects of a shot received on Sunday by the discharge of a pistol while in the hands of John Walker. The jury returned a verdict of death from the effects of a pistol fired by John Walker, at Wilkinsburg, on Sunday, September 14th. Walker has been committed to jail.

....The State Christian Missionary Society of Pennsylvania is to meet during the present week, beginning on Tuesday evening, at the Christian Chapel in Hazelwood. The day services will be devoted to business matters, and the evenings to preaching by eminent ministers of the body, who will be present from this and other States. This it is expected will be the most interesting meeting of said society ever held in the State. The public are specially invited to attend the evening sessions.

CONVENTION NOTES.

GENERAL BUTLER will come to-morrow.

BROWN'S Boston Band ranks next to Gilmore's.

ONE could scarcely get along Fifth avenue last night for the crowd.

A VICE PRESIDENT of the Convention will be selected from each State delegation.

BROWN'S Boston Band attracted a large crowd last evening while playing in front of City Hall.

THE Ohio delegation will meet this morning at nine o'clock, at the Select Council Chamber, in the new City Hall.

THE Veteran National Committee requests each State delegation to select one of its members to compose the New National Committee.

ONE might have thought that the grand torchlight procession was to take place last night from the turn-out of the marching clubs.

THE National Committee met at the Monongahela House last evening and approved the action of the Resident Committee in regard to the programme.

THE Lincoln Club Room displayed a beautiful gas jet, representing a star and an eagle, and underneath them the inscription "Welcome to our city."

THE daylight demonstration, for which the general order is advertised in another column, is destined to prove a grand feature of this week's display.

THE delegates from the Southern States are requested to meet at room No. 14, Monongahela House, at 9:30 A. M., to-day.

THE delegates and staff from the South Side will observe and follow the arrangement as announced in the order of Robt. C. Brown, the Marshal commanding. See our advertising columns.

WM. CLOTWORTHY, a late member of Colonel Pearson's Regiment, wishes to inform his brother delegates from Nashville, Tenn., to the National Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention, that he can be found at 728 Wylie street.

GOV. GRANT has accepted an invitation to be the guest of the Sixteenth Ward Grant Club during the convention. This is the Banner Club of the county, and we feel assured that he will be well taken care of. His headquarters will be to the Monongahela House.

Blank Books.

Blank Books, Day Books, Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books, at J. R. Weldin & Co's, 101 Wood street, near Diamond.

THE COURTS.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

CRIMINAL COURT—JUDGE COLLIER.

Jerry Regan, charged with stealing two shirts from the Arlington House, McKeesport, entered a plea of guilty. Sentence deferred.

George Whaley, conductor on the Connellsville Railroad, who was charged with aggravated assault and battery, John Connolly prosecutor, entered a plea of guilty to a charge of simple assault. Connolly represented himself as a section boss, and when he refused to pay his fare the defendant ejected him. Sentence deferred.

John Earley entered a plea of not guilty to an indictment in which he was charged with stealing $50 from James Riley. He was sentenced to the Workhouse for one year.

Robert Smith entered a plea of *nolle contendere* to a charge of selling liquor on Sunday. He was sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars and costs.

Thomas Hughes was tried on the charge of tapping the till in the house of Martin Freudewich, in Sharpsburg. The jury found a verdict of guilty, but commended the prisoner to the mercy of the court.

The next case taken up was that of the Commonwealth vs. Fletcher Calvert, indicted for highway robbery. The accused was charged with following A. H. Cain, of Marietta, O., from a saloon on Fourth avenue, where the two had been playing cards, and robbing him of two hundred dollars. The robbery is alleged to have been perpetrated near the Grain Elevator on the night of July 31st. Kenney Fitzpatrick was charged with being an accomplice, but was discharged after a hearing before Mayor Blackmore. The case of Calvert is still on trial.

Trial List for Tuesday.

Commonwealth vs.

Pat. Kenny,	Wm. J. Miller,
Eugene McCauley,	James Kane,
Henry Bening,	Jas. B. Cassidy,
Caspar Silverman,	Samuel Harris,
Leopold Hart,	Samuel Fharham,
W. H. Mason,	Wm. Smolze,
Harry Fenton,	Charles Creaks,
	Wm. Downey.

DISTRICT COURT—JUDGES HAMPTON AND KIRK PATRICK.

The argument on the motion for an injunction to restrain the Consolidated Gas Company from laying gas mains on streets now occupied by the Pittsburgh Gas Company was resumed. On behalf of the complainants, affidavits were read from the following persons that it was impossible to work two mains successfully: Dr. Hostetter, J. H. McElroy, John Thompson, Charles Wolf, George Neeb, George Lowen, W. W. McClelland, S. B. Sutton, Robert Young, of Allegheny City Gas Company; Wm. Walker, Isaac Baxter, W. H. Denniston, Thomas R. Brown, Henry Budd, George A. McIlheny, George W. Parsons, of Rochester; Thomas Pratt, of St. Louis; P. E. Demill, of Washington; Benjamin Bunkin, of Louisville; George Ragen, of Terre Haute; Robert Robinson, of Buffalo; Peter Rush, of Chicago.

After these affidavits had been read Mr. Dalzell, on behalf of the Consolidated Gas Company, read the following affidavits, showing that two rival lines can be operated on the same street. One of the affidavits sets forth that on one thoroughfare coming under the personal supervision of the affiant, fourteen lines of mains are operated. Following are the names signed to the affidavits: Dr. Chasswell Cresson, Philadelphia; Frederick Graff, Philadelphia Water works; R. T. Coverdale, Chief Engineer of the Manhattan Gas Works; John P. Kennedy, Chief Engineer New York Gas Works; L. L. Davidson, New York Gas Works; Samuel P. Pratham, of the Brooklyn Gas Works; S. H. Goldthorp, Engineer of the Pittsburgh East End Gas Works; James Rowland, London Gas Works, and P. W. McKenzie, Chief Engineer Consolidated Gas Company.

The argument was then opened on the part of the complainant by John Barton, Esq., who was followed by J. Dalzell, Esq., who read the affidavits stated above on behalf of the Consolidated Gas Company. Major A. M. Brown then resumed the argument on the part of the Pittsburgh Gas Company, and was followed by Mr. Dalzell.

ATTENTION, VETERANS.

Soldiers and Sailors.

You are respectfully invited to call in at S. Hamilton & Co.'s, 51 Fifth avenue, and hear the celestial harmony and sweet concord of sounds produced by the renowned Taylor & Farley Celestes Organs. You will be made welcome, and no pains will be spared to show instruments as you will probably not be privileged to hear again for a long time unless you should wisely conclude to take one home with you which no doubt many will do, as nothing more suitable could be devised by way of contrast with the scenes and incidents of the late terrible war, as they will be brought in review at your present re-union, than these celebrated organs. Their fame is wide as the land you saved, and such is the celestial sweetness of their voicing, that anger and strife cannot exist where its voice is heard. So, what more desirable article could be taken home with you from your great re-union, than a Taylor & Farley Celestes Organs. We will be pleased to have you call in and see and hear our pianos and organs, no matter if you don't wish to buy, come in and see us any how. Get one of our catalogues and perhaps you may see something that you would order on your return home, but come in and see us any how, you will be heartily welcome, at S. Hamilton & Co., 51 Fifth avenue.

Special Bargains This Week.

Rosenbaum & Fleishman, at their great trimming and variety store, known as the "Philadelphia Emporium," at 76 Market street, have determined to make very large sales this week and for that purpose have reduced their prices and will give special bargains to all who avail themselves of the opportunity to purchase during the present week. Strangers now in the city should give this house a call; their stock, one of the largest in the city, comprises a wonderful variety of all manner of goods suited to the wants, tastes and circumstances of the ladies of every degree; if we enumerated them there would be no room left for the political miscellany of the day. It consists in part of 80 pieces real guipure laces, offered below the cost of importation; 15,000 yards Hamburg edgings, at 12½ to 15 cents per yard, large stocks of linen collars and cuffs, morocco belts, satchel belts, Roman scarfs, extra large crape veils, Guipure lace berthas, all the newest styles of hats, frames, Ostrich tips, jet ornaments, sash ribbons, kid gloves, corsets, etc., etc. The house keeps an experienced buyer in New York watching the large auction sales, and is thus enabled to replenish its stock from day to day on terms so favorable that they are ready to undersell most other establishments. They mark their goods down to the lowest figure and have but one price—rapid sales and quick returns make this the best, both for the merchant and for his customers. Bear in mind that Rosenbaum & Fleishman's is the place for bargains.

A Great Carriage Factory.

Among the many thousands who come to the city this week from all parts of the country, there are doubtless some who intend, while here, to purchase a carriage, barouche, phaeton, sulky, buck-wagon or other such vehicle. We advise all such to visit the large establishment of Workman & Davis, carriage manufacturers, at Nos. 167 to 171 inclusive on Penn street, where they will find an extensive stock and variety suited to every taste, equal in beauty of design, exquisite finish and lightness, combined with strength, to the products of any factory east or west. This firm has spared no pains or expense to bring their work up to the highest standard of perfection. They are especially careful to select and use none but the best of materials; their wood must be of large growth, thoroughly seasoned and absolutely free from all defects; their iron and steel are made expressly for their use and are subjected to approved tests before coming to their shop. By this remarkable care and circumspection in the selection of material and by employing none but experienced and skilled workmen they have succeeded in establishing their reputation on a broad and secure foundation and are reaping a rich reward of their enterprise. No establishment of the kind has ever risen so rapidly in the popular estimation, none turns out a better article, none can sell any lower, and so it is that it has grown to be one of the best and most extensive carriage factories in the country. Whether Grant or Greeley should be President, or whether Hartranft or Bucknlew should be Governor, Workman & Davis stand ready to furnish an executive turnout worthy of whomsoever the people may choose to ride in it.

The Centre of Attraction

Within easy access by all the passenger railways and their connections, the "P. C. H.," is the most centrally located clothing house in Pittsburgh. Every effort has been put forth to make this house the Grand Centre of Attraction this season by its immense stock of men's, youths' and boys' garments, by its varieties of styles, shapes, patterns and colors, by the superior advantages offered to purchasers. My new goods, now receiving, are diagonals, stripes, foreign gratings, new Melton, Jersey's, Kersey's, fancy cassimeres, &c. I have made an addition of an entire store room to my already immense building, offering great convenience to those patronizing "Big 13." My custom department is filled with the latest styles of piece goods, which will be made to order at reasonable prices, at

T. TOMAS,
Big 13, Sixth street.

Cheapest clothier in the city.

Ladies Attention.

Mr. J. G. Wilson, dealer in Millinery, Fancy goods, notions, etc., at No. 126 Federal street, Allegheny city, has just opened up an elegant and complete stock of fall goods, consisting of all the latest styles in bonnets, hats, ribbons, sashes, feathers, flowers and a general line of millinery and fancy goods. He makes a specialty of infants' bonnets and hats, which department is under the care of a first class milliner, and he is always prepared at short notice to trim bonnets and hats in the very latest styles. Ladies who patronize him always leave better looking and better pleased with themselves and the world in general. Mr. Wilson has had long experience in this branch of business and thoroughly understands the wants of the ladies. His stock is large and well selected, and he offers them to the numerous customers at a moderate advance over cost. In a word, if you want anything in this line, be sure to give him a call. He never fails to give satisfaction.

Pyle's O. K. Soap is the best family soap in use. Ladies who once become accustomed to the O. K. soap will never use any other. Buy, try and compare. H. Bowers, Agent.
D&wtf P. O. box 210, Rome, New York.

Fine Dress or business suits for gentlemen, can be had without delay, at the Boston One Price Clothing Store, No. 95 Smithfield street.

Fall Goods

are being constantly received at the popular one price hat and cap establishment of William Fleming & Company, No. 139 Wood street.

School Books.

We offer the largest and best assortmeut of school books in West Pennsylvania at lowest prices.

August Hennig, silk Hat manufacturer, at No. 114 Liberty street, renovates and remodels old silk hats in the latest style, and warrants them to give satisfaction.

The Lowest Prices

Prevail at the popular one price hat and cap establishment of Wm. Fleming & Co., No. 139 Wood street.

EVER POPULAR.

The Great One Price House—Immense Fall Stock at Wm. Fleming & Co.'s, No. 139 Wood Street—All the Novelties and Attractive Styles—The Best Assortment and the Lowest Prices.

The old and reliable house of Wm. Fleming & Co., wholesale and retail dealers in hats and caps, which has ever been in the front rank of popular and fashionable resorts for every class of buyers, since the introduction of the one price principle, attracts a larger trade than at any previous period during its existence. Buyers readily perceive the advantages accruing to them from the enforcement of this system. All goods are marked down as low as they can possibly be sold, and as no deviation is ever made, the smallest child can buy as advantageously as the most expert buyer. The firm have made great preparations for their fall trade and offer a stock that for completeness, variety and superiority of the goods cannot be surpassed here or in the East. New goods are daily arriving, enabling the firm to offer all late styles simultaneously with their appearance in the Eastern markets. The trade will find this house eminently deserving of their patronage and the inducements such as are seldom offered. By dealing with this house the time and expense of a trip East can be saved and their wants fully met. In the retail department our readers will find all the novelties that have yet been introduced in silk, fur and wool hats. An inspection of the stock will repay city and country merchants and retail buyers.

Strangers and Citizens

will find the store of Mr. Alexander Carson, No. 360 Liberty street, just the place to get a pure article of domestic or foreign Wine, or Liquors, or Cigars at wholesale or retail. He has a stock of very choice old Whisky. Those who have dealt with Mr. Carson have found him to be an excellent judge of liquors—he cannot be deceived, and will not deceive his customers. If people will take a little Wine or Whisky, or other stimulant for the stomach's sake, they should for the stomach's sake buy it from Carson.

Mantels.

Marble, slate and marbleized mantels. A large assortment of all colors and patterns on hand and for sale, lower than can be bought in the city. All kinds of marble and granite work done with dispatch and in the best manner. We have steam power to saw, rub and polish marble. The only place in Western Pennsylvania where steam is used to all parts of the work. This enables me to do better work and cheaper than any other house. Persons in want of such articles will please call and examine the stock at 319 and 321 Liberty street, one square below grain elevator.

6 W. W. WALLACE.

The Novel Styles

Can all be obtained at the fashionable hat and cap emporium of Wm. Fleming & Co., No. 139 Wood street.

Soldiers, Read!

Soldiers, or the heirs of those that are deceased, who have not yet applied for any claim for bounty, arrears of pay, pensions, &c., that may be due them, or those that have claims pending or suspended, would do well to call at the old and reliable claim agency of B. F. Brown & Co., 116 Smithfield street, and have them promptly adjusted. 3

Prof. Campbell's Select School for Boys, Second floor Savings Bank, No. 101 Federal street, Allegheny, is receiving a liberal share of public patronage. Instruction thorough. Tuition moderate.

The Livingston Hat,

A neat and attractive fall style, is kept by Wm. Fleming & Co., No. 139 Wood street.

Men's Working Shoes—Whole stock well made and branded "warranted," $1.30, usual price $2.00, at Baird's Shoe House, 180 Federal street, formerly Wm. Semple's.

Books, Books, Books.

School Books, Blank Books, Day Books, Ledgers, Cash Books, Journals. An unequalled assortment, both wholesale and retail, at J. R. Weldon & Co.'s, 101 Wood street, near Diamond.

Strangers in the city who have a taste for such things, should not leave town without calling at Haslett & Kennedy's clock, watch and jewelry store, to see their elegant stock of staple and fancy goods. At no place else in the city can be found more beautiful novelties suited for wedding or birthday presents, or for gift-tokens of affection. Call and see them. Call and see them.

Gent's Silk Hats, $4.50, excellent quality; Broadway style 1872 and 1873, usual price, $7.00. A great bargain, at Baird's Hat House, 180 Federal street, formerly Wm. Semple's.

Marked Down.

At Wm. Fleming & Co.'s hat and cap establishment, No. 139 Wood street. All goods are marked down to the lowest figure they can be disposed of, and are all sold at the one price system.

Grant, Wilson and Hartranft Beef.—Geo. W. Evans has slaughtered two extra beeves. Those wanting a first rate roast or steak for the great convention time can find just the thing at stall No. 22 Allegheny Market.

Legal Blanks.

Deeds, Mortgages, Summons, Leases, Notes, Drafts, &c., wholesale and retail, at J. R. Weldin & Co's, 101 Wood street, near Diamond.

Get Your Fall Suit at the Boston One Price Clothing Store. No cheaper or better goods in the city. Remember the number, No. 95 Smithfield street.

Jewelry of every kind adapted to all tastes and purses, including some with elegant and costly settings, and all the grades below. A fine display at the new jewelry store of Haslett & Kennedy, No. 79 Smithfield street.

Strangers in the city having orders for plated ware, will find sets and samples of all modern styles of the celebrated ware, of beautiful designs, at Haslett & Kennedy's store, No. 79 Smithfield street.

Strangers

visiting the city will find the best assortment of Books, Stationary, &c., at J. R. Weldon & Co.'s, 101 Wood street, near Diamond.

Evergreen Wreathing, of first quality, for sale by John R. & A. Murdock, Florists, 112 Smithfield street.

"NOT VERY WELL."

A feeling of vague bodily discomfort, which does not amount to positive illness, and yet is incompatible with health, is often aptly described by the phrase "Not very well." This feeling usually arises from a deficiency of the nervous power which is required to keep the vital machinery in healthful operation. Nervous weakness has too frequently turned out to be the parent of some serious malady to admit of any doubt in the matter. Inactivity of the bodily functions as surely begets their derangement as cause precedes effect.

It is therefore absolutely essential for the preservation of health, perhaps of life, that this warning should be promptly heeded. The case does not admit of delay. Revitalize the system at once and effectually with Hostetter's Bitters—that peerless invigorant which, by infusing new health and energy into the system, protects it against disease more surely than ever knight of old was protected by armor of proof against his foe.

DIED:

WEARTS—On Monday morning, September 16th, at his residence, Turtle Creek, Mr. DANIEL WEARTS, aged 64.

The funeral will take place from the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, on the arrival of the 3:30 P. M. train, THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON. The friends of the family and Lodge 45 A. Y. M., and members of sister Lodges, are respectfully invited to attend.

MCCUNE—On Monday morning, September 16th, 1872, Mrs. NANCY MCCUNE, in the 59th year of her age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her husband, No. 765 Penn street, THIS AFTERNOON, September 17th, at 3½ o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

RENO—On Monday, September 16th, at 10 o'clock A. M., MARY REBECCA, only daughter of Will S. and Mary H. Reno, aged 2 months and 2 days.

The friends of this family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of the parents, No. 95 Beech street, THIS AFTERNOON, September 17th, at 3 o'clock.

CUMMING—On Monday, the 16th inst., WM. CUMMING, in the 53d year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, Beaver avenue, near Nixon street, Allegheny, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2½ o'clock. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

FAIRMAN, TAGGART & CO., UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLE, No. 260 Penn avenue, Wilkinsburg, Allegheny City, where they are prepared to furnish Coffins, Shrouds, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods at lowest prices. Office open at all hours day and night. Hearses and Carriages furnished.

ALEXANDER AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH AVENUE. Coffins of all kinds, Shrouds, Robes, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Agent for Raymond & Co.'s Patent Metallic Burial Cases, always on hand and in stock. Hearses and Carriages furnished.

CARRIAGES, $3. HEARSE, $5.

RODY PATTERSON, Jr., Undertaker, No. 317 Fourth avenue. Coffins and Funeral Furnishing Goods of every description. Terms Cash. jy13:s99

CHARLES, PEEBLES & McGUIRE, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, cor. SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all Requisites for Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night. ap6:s63

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America,

ASSETS, $3,213,175.90.

Insurance Co. of North America

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Loss as adjusted and paid by
mn4-86 E. D. JONES, 84 Fourth st.

NOTICE.

Persons who prefer buying their trees at home, instead of from travelers, can rely on our stock of

Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Roses, Small Fruits, &c.,

For the fall trade, being very large and superior.

JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,
Nurserymen, Florists and Seedsmen,
my7:s 112 SMITHFIELD STREET

Seeds, Plants, Flowers, Etc.

Our Catalogue of Vegetable and Flower Seeds, our Catalogue of Small Fruit and Price List, for Spring, 1872, and our Catalogue of Ornamental, Flowering and Bedding Plants now ready, and can be had on application. Bouquets, Cut Flowers, Baskets and Floral Ornaments, executed in the finest style at short notice.

R. CUMMING & CO.,
(Successors to J. KNOX.)
se9 98 SMITHFIELD STREET

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.
ELLSLER & GOTTHOLD, Lessees and Managers.
ROMANCE OF THE LAND OF GOLD!
A STERLING ATTRACTION.
TUESDAY E